

## FFLAS-FFPACK

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<b>1 FFLAS-FFPACK Documentation.</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Introduction . . . . .	1
1.2 Goals . . . . .	1
1.3 Design . . . . .	1
1.4 Using FFLAS-FFPACK. . . . .	1
1.5 Contributing to fflas-ffpack, getting assistance. . . . .	2
1.6 Copying and Licence . . . . .	2
1.7 Tutorial . . . . .	2
1.8 Configuring and Installing FFLAS-FFPACK . . . . .	2
1.9 Architecture of the library. . . . .	2
<b>2 Bug List</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3 Bibliography</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>4 Todo List</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>5 Topic Index</b>	<b>9</b>
5.1 Topics . . . . .	9
<b>6 Namespace Index</b>	<b>11</b>
6.1 Namespace List . . . . .	11
<b>7 Data Structure Index</b>	<b>13</b>
7.1 Data Structures . . . . .	13
<b>8 File Index</b>	<b>15</b>
8.1 File List . . . . .	15
<b>9 Topic Documentation</b>	<b>17</b>
9.1 CHECKER . . . . .	17
9.2 FFLAS-FFPACK . . . . .	17
9.2.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	17
9.2.2 FFLAS . . . . .	18
9.2.3 Interfaces . . . . .	18
9.3 Matrix Multiplication Algorithms . . . . .	18
9.3.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	18
9.4 SIMD wrapper . . . . .	18
9.5 FFPACK . . . . .	19
9.5.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	19
9.6 FFLAS-FFPACK fields . . . . .	19
9.6.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	19
9.7 RNS . . . . .	19
<b>10 Namespace Documentation</b>	<b>21</b>
10.1 FFLAS::FieldCategories Namespace Reference . . . . .	21

10.1.1 Detailed Description	21
10.2 FFLAS::ModeCategories Namespace Reference	21
10.2.1 Detailed Description	22
10.3 FFLAS::ParSeqHelper Namespace Reference	22
10.3.1 Detailed Description	22
10.4 FFLAS::StructureHelper Namespace Reference	22
10.4.1 Detailed Description	22
10.5 FFPACK Namespace Reference	22
10.5.1 Detailed Description	30
10.5.2 Function Documentation	30
10.5.2.1 applyP()	30
10.5.2.2 MonotonicApplyP()	31
10.5.2.3 fgetrs() [1/2]	32
10.5.2.4 fgetrs() [2/2]	33
10.5.2.5 fgesv() [1/2]	34
10.5.2.6 fgesv() [2/2]	35
10.5.2.7 ftrtri()	35
10.5.2.8 ftrtrm()	36
10.5.2.9 ftrstr()	36
10.5.2.10 ftrssyr2k()	37
10.5.2.11 fsytrf()	37
10.5.2.12 fsytrf_nonunit()	38
10.5.2.13 PLUQ()	39
10.5.2.14 LUdivine() [1/2]	39
10.5.2.15 ColumnEchelonForm()	40
10.5.2.16 RowEchelonForm()	41
10.5.2.17 ReducedColumnEchelonForm()	41
10.5.2.18 ReducedRowEchelonForm()	42
10.5.2.19 Invert() [1/2]	42
10.5.2.20 Invert() [2/2]	43
10.5.2.21 Invert2()	44
10.5.2.22 CharPoly() [1/3]	44
10.5.2.23 CharPoly() [2/3]	45
10.5.2.24 CharPoly() [3/3]	45
10.5.2.25 MinPoly() [1/2]	46
10.5.2.26 MinPoly() [2/2]	46
10.5.2.27 MatVecMinPoly()	47
10.5.2.28 Rank()	47
10.5.2.29 IsSingular()	48
10.5.2.30 Det()	48
10.5.2.31 Solve()	49
10.5.2.32 RandomNullSpaceVector() [1/2]	49

10.5.2.33 NullSpaceBasis()	50
10.5.2.34 RowRankProfile()	50
10.5.2.35 ColumnRankProfile()	51
10.5.2.36 RankProfileFromLU()	52
10.5.2.37 LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles()	52
10.5.2.38 RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices()	53
10.5.2.39 ColRankProfileSubmatrixIndices()	53
10.5.2.40 RowRankProfileSubmatrix()	54
10.5.2.41 ColRankProfileSubmatrix()	55
10.5.2.42 getTriangular() [1/2]	55
10.5.2.43 getTriangular() [2/2]	56
10.5.2.44 getEchelonForm() [1/2]	57
10.5.2.45 getEchelonForm() [2/2]	57
10.5.2.46 getEchelonTransform()	58
10.5.2.47 getReducedEchelonForm() [1/2]	59
10.5.2.48 getReducedEchelonForm() [2/2]	60
10.5.2.49 getReducedEchelonTransform()	60
10.5.2.50 LTBruhatGen()	61
10.5.2.51 getLTBruhatGen() [1/2]	61
10.5.2.52 getLTBruhatGen() [2/2]	63
10.5.2.53 LTQSorder()	63
10.5.2.54 CompressToBlockBiDiagonal()	64
10.5.2.55 ExpandBlockBiDiagonalToBruhat()	64
10.5.2.56 Bruhat2EchelonPermutation()	65
10.5.2.57 LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor()	66
10.5.2.58 RandomNullSpaceVector() [2/2]	66
10.5.2.59 productBruhatxTS()	67
10.5.2.60 buildMatrix()	68
10.5.2.61 fsytrf_UP_RPM()	68
10.5.2.62 LUdivine() [2/2]	69
10.5.2.63 composePermutationsLLL()	69
10.5.2.64 composePermutationsLLM()	69
10.5.2.65 composePermutationsMLM()	70
10.5.2.66 NonZeroRandomMatrix() [1/2]	70
10.5.2.67 NonZeroRandomMatrix() [2/2]	71
10.5.2.68 RandomMatrix() [1/2]	71
10.5.2.69 RandomMatrix() [2/2]	72
10.5.2.70 RandomTriangularMatrix() [1/2]	72
10.5.2.71 RandomTriangularMatrix() [2/2]	73
10.5.2.72 RandomSymmetricMatrix()	73
10.5.2.73 RandomMatrixWithRank() [1/2]	74
10.5.2.74 RandomMatrixWithRank() [2/2]	74

10.5.2.75 RandomIndexSubset()	75
10.5.2.76 RandomPermutation()	75
10.5.2.77 RandomRankProfileMatrix()	75
10.5.2.78 RandomSymmetricRankProfileMatrix()	76
10.5.2.79 RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM() [1/2]	76
10.5.2.80 RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM() [2/2]	77
10.5.2.81 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM() [1/2]	77
10.5.2.82 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM() [2/2]	78
10.5.2.83 RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM() [1/2]	78
10.5.2.84 RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM() [2/2]	79
10.5.2.85 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM() [1/2]	79
10.5.2.86 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM() [2/2]	80
10.5.2.87 RandomMatrixWithDet() [1/2]	80
10.5.2.88 RandomMatrixWithDet() [2/2]	81
<b>11 Data Structure Documentation</b>	<b>83</b>
11.1 ArbitraryPrecIntTag Struct Reference	83
11.1.1 Detailed Description	83
11.2 array< T > Class Template Reference	83
11.2.1 Detailed Description	84
11.3 array< T >::const_iterator Class Reference	84
11.3.1 Detailed Description	84
11.4 string::const_iterator Class Reference	84
11.4.1 Detailed Description	84
11.5 vector< T >::const_iterator Class Reference	84
11.5.1 Detailed Description	84
11.6 array< T >::const_reverse_iterator Class Reference	85
11.6.1 Detailed Description	85
11.7 string::const_reverse_iterator Class Reference	85
11.7.1 Detailed Description	85
11.8 vector< T >::const_reverse_iterator Class Reference	85
11.8.1 Detailed Description	85
11.9 ConvertTo< T > Struct Template Reference	85
11.9.1 Detailed Description	86
11.10 DefaultBoundedTag Struct Reference	86
11.10.1 Detailed Description	86
11.11 DefaultTag Struct Reference	86
11.11.1 Detailed Description	86
11.12 DelayedTag Struct Reference	87
11.12.1 Detailed Description	87
11.13 ElementTraits< Element > Struct Template Reference	87
11.13.1 Detailed Description	87

11.14 Failure Class Reference . . . . .	87
11.14.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	87
11.15 FieldTraits< Field > Struct Template Reference . . . . .	88
11.15.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	88
11.16 FixedPrecIntTag Struct Reference . . . . .	88
11.16.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	88
11.17 frsmLeftUpperNoTransNonUnit< Element > Class Template Reference . . . . .	88
11.17.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	88
11.18 GenericTag Struct Reference . . . . .	89
11.18.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	89
11.19 GenericTag Struct Reference . . . . .	89
11.19.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	89
11.20 array< T >::iterator Class Reference . . . . .	89
11.20.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	90
11.21 string::iterator Class Reference . . . . .	90
11.21.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	90
11.22 vector< T >::iterator Class Reference . . . . .	90
11.22.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	90
11.23 LazyTag Struct Reference . . . . .	90
11.23.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	90
11.24 MachineFloatTag Struct Reference . . . . .	91
11.24.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	91
11.25 MachineIntTag Struct Reference . . . . .	91
11.25.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	91
11.26 ModeTraits< Field > Struct Template Reference . . . . .	91
11.26.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	91
11.27 ModularTag Struct Reference . . . . .	92
11.27.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	92
11.28 array< T >::reverse_iterator Class Reference . . . . .	92
11.28.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	92
11.29 string::reverse_iterator Class Reference . . . . .	92
11.29.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	92
11.30 vector< T >::reverse_iterator Class Reference . . . . .	92
11.30.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	92
11.31 RNSElementTag Struct Reference . . . . .	93
11.31.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	93
11.32 string Class Reference . . . . .	93
11.32.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	93
11.33 TRSMHelper< RectIterTrait, ParSeqTrait > Struct Template Reference . . . . .	93
11.33.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	94
11.34 UnparametricTag Struct Reference . . . . .	94
11.34.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	94

11.35 vector< T > Class Template Reference . . . . .	94
11.35.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	94
<b>12 File Documentation</b>	<b>95</b>
12.1 fflas-ffpack-config.h File Reference . . . . .	95
12.1.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	95
12.2 fflas-ffpack.h File Reference . . . . .	95
12.2.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	95
12.3 fflas.h File Reference . . . . .	96
12.3.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	97
12.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation . . . . .	97
12.3.2.1 DOUBLE_TO_FLOAT_CROSSOVER . . . . .	97
12.4 fgemm_classical_mp.inl File Reference . . . . .	97
12.4.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	97
12.5 schedule_bini.inl File Reference . . . . .	97
12.5.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	97
12.6 fflas_ftsm_mp.inl File Reference . . . . .	98
12.6.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	98
12.7 fflas_sparse.h File Reference . . . . .	98
12.8 fflas_sparse.inl File Reference . . . . .	98
12.9 read_sparse.h File Reference . . . . .	98
12.10 fflas_transpose.h File Reference . . . . .	99
12.10.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	99
12.11 ffpack.h File Reference . . . . .	99
12.11.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	105
12.11.2 Function Documentation . . . . .	106
12.11.2.1 GaussJordan() . . . . .	106
12.11.2.2 RandomKrylovPrecond() . . . . .	106
12.12 field-traits.h File Reference . . . . .	107
12.12.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	108
12.13 rns-double-elt.h File Reference . . . . .	108
12.13.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	108
12.14 rns-double.h File Reference . . . . .	108
12.14.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	108
12.15 rns-integer-mod.h File Reference . . . . .	108
12.15.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	109
12.16 rns-integer.h File Reference . . . . .	109
12.16.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	109
12.17 rns.h File Reference . . . . .	109
12.18 fflas_lvl1.C File Reference . . . . .	109
12.18.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	109
12.19 fflas_lvl2.C File Reference . . . . .	110



---

12.19.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	110
12.20 fflas_lvl3.C File Reference . . . . .	110
12.20.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	110
12.21 fflas_sparse.C File Reference . . . . .	110
12.21.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	110
12.22 ffpack.C File Reference . . . . .	111
12.22.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	111
12.23 debug.h File Reference . . . . .	111
12.23.1 Detailed Description . . . . .	111
<b>Index</b>	<b>113</b>



# Chapter 1

## FFLAS-FFPACK Documentation.

### 1.1 Introduction

FFLAS-FFPACK is a LGPL-2.1+ source code library for basic linear algebra operations over a finite field. It is inspired by BLAS interface (Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms) and the LAPACK library for numerical linear algebra, and shares part of their design. Yet it differs in many aspects due to the specifics of computing over a finite field:

- it is generic with respect to the finite field, so as to accomodate a large variety of field sizes and implementations;
- it is a pure source code library, to be included and compiled in the user's software. Its build system is only used for tests and benchmarks.

### 1.2 Goals

### 1.3 Design

### 1.4 Using FFLAS-FFPACK.

- [Copying and Licence](#).
- [Tutorial](#). This is a brief introduction to FFLAS-FFPACK capabilities.
- [Configuring and Installing FFLAS-FFPACK](#). Explains how to configure/install from sources or from the latest svn version.
- [Architecture of the library](#).. Describes how FFLAS-FFPACK is organized
- [Documentation for Users](#). If everything around is blue, then you are reading the lighter, user-oriented, documentation.
- [Documentation for Developers](#). If everything around is green, then you can get to everything (not necessarily yet) documented.

## 1.5 Contributing to fflas-ffpack, getting assistance.

Version

2.5.0

## 1.6 Copying and Licence

The FFLAS-FFPACK library is licensed under the terms of the GNU LGPL v2.1 or later.

See <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.html>

## 1.7 Tutorial

no doc.

## 1.8 Configuring and Installing FFLAS-FFPACK

FFLAS-FFPACK is a header-only package.

Howver configuration process can be tweaked a lot. Configure looks for BLAS routines and Givaro library which are both mandatory dependencies. See the output of `./configure -help` for information about the LAPACK/↔ BLAS discovering strategies.

## 1.9 Architecture of the library.

no doc.

## Chapter 2

# Bug List

Global `DOUBLE_TO_FLOAT_CROSSOVER`

to be benchmarked.

Global `FFPACK::buildMatrix` (const Field &F, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr E, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr C, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*B, const size\_t \*T, const size\_t me, const size\_t mc, const size\_t lambda, const size\_t mu)

is this :

Global `FFPACK::invert2` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t ldx, int &>nullity)

not tested.



## Chapter 3

# Bibliography

Global **FFPACK::LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles** (const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t LSm, const size\_t LSn, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, size\_t \*RRP, size\_t \*CRP)

- Dumas J-G., Pernet C., and Sultan Z. *Simultaneous computation of the row and column rank profiles*, ISSAC'13.

Global **FFPACK::LUdivine** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_TRANSPOSE trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Qt, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive, const size\_t cutoff=FFLASFFPACK\_LUDIVINE\_THRESHOLD)

- Jeannerod C-P, Pernet, C. and Storjohann, A. *Rank-profile revealing Gaussian elimination and the CUP matrix decomposition*, J. of Symbolic Comp., 2013
- Pernet C, Brassel M *LUdivine, une divine factorisation LU*, 2002

Global **FFPACK::PLUQ** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Q)

- Dumas J-G., Pernet C., and Sultan Z. *Simultaneous computation of the row and column rank profiles*, ISSAC'13, 2013

Global **FFPACK::productBruhatxTS** (const Field &Fi, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, size\_t t, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr Xu, size\_t ldu, size\_t NbBlocksU, const size\_t \*Ku, const size\_t \*Tu, const size\_t \*MU, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr XI, size\_t ldl, size\_t NbBlocksL, const size\_t \*KI, const size\_t \*TI, const size\_t \*ML, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, size\_t ldb, const typename Field::Element beta, typename Field::Element\_ptr D, size\_t ldd)

Pernet C. and Storjohann A. *Time and space efficient generators for quasiseparable matrices*, JSC (85), 2018, doi:10.1016/j.jsc.2017.07.010

Global **FFPACK::Protected::GaussJordan** (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, const size\_t colbeg, const size\_t rowbeg, const size\_t colsize, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Q, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag)

- Algorithm 2.8 of A. Storjohann Thesis 2000,
- Algorithm 11 of Jeannerod C-P., Pernet, C. and Storjohann, A. *Rank-profile revealing Gaussian elimination and the CUP matrix decomposition*, J. of Symbolic Comp., 2013

Class `ftsmLeftUpperNoTransNonUnit`< `Element` >

- Dumas, Giorgi, Pernet 06, arXiv:cs/0601133.



# Chapter 4

## Todo List

File [debug.h](#)

we should put vector printing elsewhere.

Global [FFPACK::getTriangular](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_↵  
DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const  
size\_t Ida, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors=false)

just one triangular fzero+fassign ?

Global [FFPACK::getTriangular](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_↵  
DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t  
Ida)

just one triangular fzero+fassign ?

Global [FFPACK::invert2](#) (const Field &F, const size\_t M, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida,  
typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t ldx, int &nullity)

this init is not all necessary (done after ftrtri)

Global [FFPACK::LUdivine](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_↵  
TRANSPOSE trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida,  
size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Q, const FFPACK::FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag, const size\_t cutoff)

std::swap ?

Global [FFPACK::Protected::RandomKrylovPrecond](#) (const PolRing &PR, std::list< typename PolRing::↵  
Element > &completedFactors, const size\_t N, typename PolRing::Domain\_t::Element\_ptr A, const  
size\_t Ida, size\_t &Nb, typename PolRing::Domain\_t::Element\_ptr &B, size\_t &ldB, typename PolRing\_↵  
::Domain\_t::RandIter &g, const size\_t degree=\_\_FFLASFFPACK\_ARITHPROG\_THRESHOLD)

swap to save space ??

don't assing K2 c\*noc x N but only mas (c,noc) x N and store each one after the other

Module [field](#)

biblio

Module [MMalgos](#)

biblio

Module [simd](#)

biblio



# Chapter 5

## Topic Index

### 5.1 Topics

Here is a list of all topics with brief descriptions:

CHECKER . . . . .	17
FFLAS-FFPACK . . . . .	17
FFLAS . . . . .	18
Interfaces . . . . .	18
Matrix Multiplication Algorithms . . . . .	18
SIMD wrapper . . . . .	18
FFPACK . . . . .	19
FFLAS-FFPACK fields . . . . .	19
RNS . . . . .	19



# Chapter 6

## Namespace Index

### 6.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">FFLAS::FieldCategories</a>	
Traits and categories will need to be placed in a proper file later . . . . .	21
<a href="#">FFLAS::ModeCategories</a>	
Specifies the mode of action for an algorithm w.r.t . . . . .	21
<a href="#">FFLAS::ParSeqHelper</a>	
<a href="#">ParSeqHelper</a> for both fgemm and ftrsm . . . . .	22
<a href="#">FFLAS::StructureHelper</a>	
<a href="#">StructureHelper</a> for ftrsm . . . . .	22
<a href="#">FFPACK</a>	
Finite Field <b>PACK</b> Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra . . . . .	22



## Chapter 7

# Data Structure Index

### 7.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">ArbitraryPrecIntTag</a>	Arbitrary precision integers: GMP . . . . .	83
<a href="#">array&lt; T &gt;</a>	STL class . . . . .	83
<a href="#">array&lt; T &gt;::const_iterator</a>	STL iterator class . . . . .	84
<a href="#">string::const_iterator</a>	STL iterator class . . . . .	84
<a href="#">vector&lt; T &gt;::const_iterator</a>	STL iterator class . . . . .	84
<a href="#">array&lt; T &gt;::const_reverse_iterator</a>	STL iterator class . . . . .	85
<a href="#">string::const_reverse_iterator</a>	STL iterator class . . . . .	85
<a href="#">vector&lt; T &gt;::const_reverse_iterator</a>	STL iterator class . . . . .	85
<a href="#">ConvertTo&lt; T &gt;</a>	Force conversion to appropriate element type of ElementCategory T . . . . .	85
<a href="#">DefaultBoundedTag</a>	Use standard field operations, but keeps track of bounds on input and output . . . . .	86
<a href="#">DefaultTag</a>	No specific mode of action: use standard field operations . . . . .	86
<a href="#">DelayedTag</a>	Performs field operations with delayed mod reductions. Ensures result is reduced . . . . .	87
<a href="#">ElementTraits&lt; Element &gt;</a>	<a href="#">ElementTraits</a> . . . . .	87
<a href="#">Failure</a>	A precondition failed . . . . .	87
<a href="#">FieldTraits&lt; Field &gt;</a>	<a href="#">FieldTrait</a> . . . . .	88
<a href="#">FixedPrecIntTag</a>	Fixed precision integers above machine precision: Givaro::reclnt . . . . .	88
<a href="#">ftrsmLeftUpperNoTransNonUnit&lt; Element &gt;</a>	Computes the maximal size for delaying the modular reduction in a triangular system resolution . . . . .	88
<a href="#">GenericTag</a>	Default is generic . . . . .	89

<a href="#">GenericTag</a>	
Generic ring . . . . .	89
<a href="#">array&lt; T &gt;::iterator</a>	
STL iterator class . . . . .	89
<a href="#">string::iterator</a>	
STL iterator class . . . . .	90
<a href="#">vector&lt; T &gt;::iterator</a>	
STL iterator class . . . . .	90
<a href="#">LazyTag</a>	
Performs field operations with delayed mod only when necessary. Result may not be reduced .	90
<a href="#">MachineFloatTag</a>	
Float or double . . . . .	91
<a href="#">MachineIntTag</a>	
Short, int, long, long long, and unsigned variants . . . . .	91
<a href="#">ModeTraits&lt; Field &gt;</a>	
ModeTraits . . . . .	91
<a href="#">ModularTag</a>	
This is a modular field like e.g. Modular<T> or ModularBalanced<T> . . . . .	92
<a href="#">array&lt; T &gt;::reverse_iterator</a>	
STL iterator class . . . . .	92
<a href="#">string::reverse_iterator</a>	
STL iterator class . . . . .	92
<a href="#">vector&lt; T &gt;::reverse_iterator</a>	
STL iterator class . . . . .	92
<a href="#">RNSElementTag</a>	
Representation in a Residue Number System . . . . .	93
<a href="#">string</a>	
STL class . . . . .	93
<a href="#">TRSMHelper&lt; ReclterTrait, ParSeqTrait &gt;</a>	
TRSM Helper . . . . .	93
<a href="#">UnparametricTag</a>	
If the field uses a representation with infix operators . . . . .	94
<a href="#">vector&lt; T &gt;</a>	
STL class . . . . .	94



# Chapter 8

## File Index

### 8.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">fflas-ffpack-config.h</a>	Defaults for optimised values . . . . .	95
<a href="#">fflas-ffpack.h</a>	Includes FFLAS and <a href="#">FFPACK</a> . . . . .	95
<a href="#">fflas.h</a>	<b>Finite Field Linear Algebra Subroutines</b> . . . . .	96
<a href="#">fgemm_classical_mp.inl</a>	Matrix multiplication with multiprecision input (either over $\mathbb{Z}$ or over $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ ) . . . . .	97
<a href="#">schedule_bini.inl</a>	Bini implementation . . . . .	97
<a href="#">fflas_ftsm_mp.inl</a>	Triangular system with matrix right hand side over multiprecision domain (either over $\mathbb{Z}$ or over $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ ) . . . . .	98
<a href="#">fflas_sparse.h</a>	. . . . .	98
<a href="#">fflas_sparse.inl</a>	. . . . .	98
<a href="#">read_sparse.h</a>	. . . . .	98
<a href="#">fflas_transpose.h</a>	Transpose the storage of the matrix (switch between row and col major mode) . . . . .	99
<a href="#">ffpack.h</a>	Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra . . . . .	99
<a href="#">field-traits.h</a>	Field Traits . . . . .	107
<a href="#">rns-double-elt.h</a>	Rns elt structure with double support . . . . .	108
<a href="#">rns-double.h</a>	Rns structure with double support . . . . .	108
<a href="#">rns-integer-mod.h</a>	Representation of $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ using RNS representation (note: fixed precision) . . . . .	108
<a href="#">rns-integer.h</a>	Representation of $\mathbb{Z}$ using RNS representation (note: fixed precision) . . . . .	109
<a href="#">rns.h</a>	. . . . .	109
<a href="#">fflas_lv1.C</a>	C functions calls for level 1 FFLAS in fflas-c.h . . . . .	109
<a href="#">fflas_lv2.C</a>	C functions calls for level 2 FFLAS in fflas-c.h . . . . .	110

<a href="#">fflas_lvl3.C</a>	C functions calls for level 3 FFLAS in fflas-c.h . . . . .	110
<a href="#">fflas_sparse.C</a>	C functions calls for level 1.5 and 2.5 FFLAS in fflas-c.h . . . . .	110
<a href="#">ffpack.C</a>	C functions calls for <a href="#">FFPACK</a> in ffpack-c.h . . . . .	111
<a href="#">debug.h</a>	Various utilities for debugging . . . . .	111

## Chapter 9

# Topic Documentation

### 9.1 CHECKER

Class CHECKER provides functions to verify computations in FFLAS and [FFPACK](#).

Class CHECKER provides functions to verify computations in FFLAS and [FFPACK](#).

### 9.2 FFLAS-FFPACK

the FFLAS [FFPACK](#) library

#### Topics

- [FFLAS](#)  
*The C-style wrapper of BLAS for finite field linear algebra.*
- [Interfaces](#)  
*Interfaces for FFLAS-FFPACK.*

#### 9.2.1 Detailed Description

the FFLAS [FFPACK](#) library

C++ header library for fast exact dense linear algebra

See also

[FFLAS](#)  
[FFPACK](#)

### 9.2.2 FFLAS

The C-style wrapper of BLAS for finite field linear algebra.

The C-style wrapper of BLAS for finite field linear algebra.

FFLAS, Finite Field Linear Algebra Subroutines, provide basic linear algebra subroutines based on the BLAS interface. Therefore, the specifications are in C style; only the field given as a template parameter requires C++.

As much as possible, these routines use ATLAS/BLAS computations and achieve therefore high efficiency.

### 9.2.3 Interfaces

Interfaces for FFLAS-FFPACK.

Interfaces for FFLAS-FFPACK.

C interface in folder

See also

libs

## 9.3 Matrix Multiplication Algorithms

Matrix Multiplication (level 3) algorithms.

### Files

- file [schedule\\_bini.inl](#)  
*Bini implementation.*

### 9.3.1 Detailed Description

Matrix Multiplication (level 3) algorithms.

**Todo** biblio

## 9.4 SIMD wrapper

wraps SIMD functions Supportst SSE4.1, AVX, AVX2.

wraps SIMD functions Supportst SSE4.1, AVX, AVX2.

**Todo** biblio

## 9.5 FFPACK

Class [FFPACK](#) provides functions using fflas much as Lapack uses BLAS.

### Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)  
*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

### 9.5.1 Detailed Description

Class [FFPACK](#) provides functions using fflas much as Lapack uses BLAS.

## 9.6 FFLAS-FFPACK fields

fields in the FFLAS-FFPACK library

### Files

- file [rns-double-elt.h](#)  
*rns elt structure with double support*
- file [rns-double.h](#)  
*rns structure with double support*
- file [rns-integer-mod.h](#)  
*representation of  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$  using RNS representation (note: fixed precision)*
- file [rns-integer.h](#)  
*representation of  $\mathbb{Z}$  using RNS representation (note: fixed precision)*
- file [rns.h](#)

### 9.6.1 Detailed Description

fields in the FFLAS-FFPACK library

Unparametric/Random elements

[Todo](#) biblio

## 9.7 RNS

just include them all

just include them all



## Chapter 10

# Namespace Documentation

### 10.1 FFLAS::FieldCategories Namespace Reference

Traits and categories will need to be placed in a proper file later.

#### Data Structures

- struct [GenericTag](#)  
*generic ring.*
- struct [ModularTag](#)  
*This is a modular field like e.g. `Modular<T>` or `ModularBalanced<T>`*
- struct [UnparametricTag](#)  
*If the field uses a representation with infix operators.*

#### 10.1.1 Detailed Description

Traits and categories will need to be placed in a proper file later.

### 10.2 FFLAS::ModeCategories Namespace Reference

Specifies the mode of action for an algorithm w.r.t.

#### Data Structures

- struct [ConvertTo](#)  
*Force conversion to appropriate element type of `ElementCategory T`.*
- struct [DefaultBoundedTag](#)  
*Use standard field operations, but keeps track of bounds on input and output.*
- struct [DefaultTag](#)  
*No specific mode of action: use standard field operations.*
- struct [DelayedTag](#)  
*Performs field operations with delayed mod reductions. Ensures result is reduced.*
- struct [LazyTag](#)  
*Performs field operations with delayed mod only when necessary. Result may not be reduced.*

### 10.2.1 Detailed Description

Specifies the mode of action for an algorithm w.r.t.

its field

## 10.3 FFLAS::ParSeqHelper Namespace Reference

[ParSeqHelper](#) for both fgemm and ftrsm.

### 10.3.1 Detailed Description

[ParSeqHelper](#) for both fgemm and ftrsm.

[ParSeqHelper](#) for both fgemm and ftrsm

## 10.4 FFLAS::StructureHelper Namespace Reference

[StructureHelper](#) for ftrsm.

### 10.4.1 Detailed Description

[StructureHelper](#) for ftrsm.

## 10.5 FFPACK Namespace Reference

**Finite Field PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.

### Data Structures

- class [Failure](#)  
*A precondition failed.*



## Functions

- void **LAPACKPerm2MathPerm** (size\_t \*MathP, const size\_t \*LapackP, const size\_t N)  
*Conversion of a permutation from LAPACK format to Math format.*
- void **MathPerm2LAPACKPerm** (size\_t \*LapackP, const size\_t \*MathP, const size\_t N)  
*Conversion of a permutation from Maths format to LAPACK format.*
- template<class Field>  
void **applyP** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_TRANSPOSE Trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t ibeg, const size\_t iend, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P)  
*Computes  $P1 \times \text{Diag}(I_R, P2)$  where  $P1$  is a LAPACK and  $P2$  a LAPACK permutation and store the result in  $P1$  as a LAPACK permutation.*
- template<class Field>  
void **MonotonicApplyP** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_TRANSPOSE Trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t ibeg, const size\_t iend, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t R)  
*Apply a  $R$ -monotonically increasing permutation  $P$ , to the matrix  $A$ .*
- template<class Field>  
void **fgetrs** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Solve the system  $AX = B$  or  $XA = B$ .*
- template<class Field>  
Field::Element\_ptr **fgetrs** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t NRHS, const size\_t R, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t ldx, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Solve the system  $AX = B$  or  $XA = B$ .*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t **fgesv** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Square system solver.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t **fgesv** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t NRHS, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t ldx, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Rectangular system solver.*
- template<class Field>  
void **frtri** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t threshold=\_\_FFLASFFPACK\_FTRTRI\_THRESHOLD)  
*Compute the inverse of a triangular matrix.*
- template<class Field>  
void **frtrm** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda)  
*Compute the product of two triangular matrices of opposite shape.*
- template<class Field>  
void **frstr** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diagA, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diagB, const size\_t N, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, const size\_t threshold=64)  
*Solve a triangular system with a triangular right hand side of the same shape.*
- template<class Field>  
void **frssyr2k** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diagA, const size\_t N, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, const size\_t threshold=64)

*Solve a triangular system in a symmetric sum: find B upper/lower triangular such that  $A^T B + B^T A = C$  where C is symmetric.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`bool fsytrf (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, const size_t threshold=__FFLASFFPACK_FSYTRF_THRESHOLD)`

*Triangular factorization of symmetric matrices.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`bool fsytrf_nonunit (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename Field::Element_ptr D, const size_t incD, const size_t threshold=__FFLASFFPACK_FSYTRF_THRESHOLD)`

*Triangular factorization of symmetric matrices.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t PLUQ (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t *P, size_t *Q)`

*Compute a PLUQ factorization of the given matrix.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t LUdivine (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag, const FFLAS::FFLAS_TRANSPOSE trans, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t *P, size_t *Qt, const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive, const size_t cutoff=__FFLASFFPACK_LUDIVINE_THRESHOLD)`

*Compute the CUP or PLE factorization of the given matrix.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ColumnEchelonForm (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t *P, size_t *Qt, bool transform=false, const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive)`

*Compute the Column Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t RowEchelonForm (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t *P, size_t *Qt, const bool transform=false, const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive)`

*Compute the Row Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ReducedColumnEchelonForm (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t *P, size_t *Qt, const bool transform=false, const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive)`

*Compute the Reduced Column Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ReducedRowEchelonForm (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t *P, size_t *Qt, const bool transform=false, const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive)`

*Compute the Reduced Row Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Invert (const Field &F, const size_t M, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, int &>nullity)`

*Invert the given matrix in place or computes its nullity if it is singular.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Invert (const Field &F, const size_t M, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename Field::Element_ptr X, const size_t ldx, int &>nullity)`

*Invert the given matrix or computes its nullity if it is singular.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Invert2 (const Field &F, const size_t M, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename Field::Element_ptr X, const size_t ldx, int &>nullity)`

*Invert the given matrix or computes its nullity if it is singular.*

- `template<class PolRing>`  
`std::list< typename PolRing::Element > & CharPoly (const PolRing &R, std::list< typename PolRing::Element > &charp, const size_t N, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Randlter &G, const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag=FfpackAuto, const size_t degree=__FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD)`  
*Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class PolRing>`  
`PolRing::Element & CharPoly (const PolRing &R, typename PolRing::Element &charp, const size_t N, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Randlter &G, const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag=FfpackAuto, const size_t degree=__FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD)`  
*Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class PolRing>`  
`PolRing::Element & CharPoly (const PolRing &R, typename PolRing::Element &charp, const size_t N, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida, const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag=FfpackAuto, const size_t degree=__FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD)`  
*Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class Field, class Polynomial>`  
`Polynomial & MinPoly (const Field &F, Polynomial &minP, const size_t N, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t Ida)`  
*Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class Field, class Polynomial, class Randlter>`  
`Polynomial & MinPoly (const Field &F, Polynomial &minP, const size_t N, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t Ida, Randlter &G)`  
*Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class Field, class Polynomial>`  
`Polynomial & MatVecMinPoly (const Field &F, Polynomial &minP, const size_t N, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t Ida, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr v, const size_t incv)`  
*Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix A and a vector v, namely the first linear dependency relation in the Krylov basis  $(v, Av, \dots, A^N v)$ .*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t Rank (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida)`  
*Computes the rank of the given matrix using a PLUQ factorization.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`bool IsSingular (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida)`  
*Returns true if the given matrix is singular.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element & Det (const Field &F, typename Field::Element &det, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida, size_t *P=NULL, size_t *Q=NULL)`  
*Returns the determinant of the given square matrix.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Solve (const Field &F, const size_t M, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida, typename Field::Element_ptr x, const int incx, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr b, const int incb)`  
*Solves a linear system  $AX = b$  using PLUQ factorization.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`*void RandomNullSpaceVector (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida, typename Field::Element_ptr X, const size_t incX)`  
*Solve  $LX = B$  or  $XL = B$  in place.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t NullSpaceBasis (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t Ida, typename Field::Element_ptr &NS, size_t &Idn, size_t &NSdim)`  
*Computes a basis of the Left/Right nullspace of the matrix A.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t RowRankProfile` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*rkprofile, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Computes the row rank profile of A.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ColumnRankProfile` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*rkprofile, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Computes the column rank profile of A.*
- `void RankProfileFromLU` (const size\_t \*P, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, size\_t \*rkprofile, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag)  
*Recovers the column/row rank profile from the permutation of an LU decomposition.*
- `size_t LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles` (const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t LSm, const size\_t LSn, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, size\_t \*RRP, size\_t \*CRP)  
*Recovers the row and column rank profiles of any leading submatrix from the PLUQ decomposition.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*&rowindices, size\_t \*&colindices, size\_t &R)  
*RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ColRankProfileSubmatrixIndices` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*&rowindices, size\_t \*&colindices, size\_t &R)  
*Computes the indices of the submatrix  $r \times r$  X of A whose columns correspond to the column rank profile of A.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t RowRankProfileSubmatrix` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr &X, size\_t &R)  
*Computes the  $r \times r$  submatrix X of A, by picking the row rank profile rows of A.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ColRankProfileSubmatrix` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr &X, size\_t &R)  
*Compute the  $r \times r$  submatrix X of A, by picking the row rank profile rows of A.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getTriangular` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors=false)  
*Extracts a triangular matrix from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank R.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getTriangular` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda)  
*Cleans up a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  to reveal a triangular matrix of rank R.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getEchelonForm` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors=false, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a matrix in echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank R obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getEchelonForm` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Cleans up a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm to reveal an echelon form of rank R.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`void getEchelonTransform` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a transformation matrix to echelon form from a compact storage  $A=LU$  of rank R obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getReducedEchelonForm` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors=false, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a matrix in echelon form from a compact storage  $A=LU$  of rank R obtained by ReducedRowEchelonForm or ReducedColumnEchelonForm with transform = true.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getReducedEchelonForm` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Cleans up a compact storage  $A=LU$  of rank R obtained by ReducedRowEchelonForm or ReducedColumnEchelonForm with transform = true.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getReducedEchelonTransform` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FfpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a transformation matrix to echelon form from a compact storage  $A=LU$  of rank R obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.*
- `void PLUQtoEchelonPermutation` (const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, size\_t \*outPerm)  
*Auxiliary routine: determines the permutation that changes a PLUQ decomposition into a echelon form revealing PLUQ decomposition.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t LTBruhatGen` (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t N, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Q)  
*LTBruhatGen Suppose A is Left Triangular Matrix This procedure computes the Bruhat Representation of A and return the rank of A.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getLTBruhatGen` (const Field &Fi, const size\_t N, const size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr R, const size\_t ldr)  
*GetLTBruhatGen This procedure Computes the Rank Revealing Matrix based on the Bruhta representation of a Matrix.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void getLTBruhatGen` (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t N, const size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt)  
*GetLTBruhatGen This procedure computes the matrix L or U f the Bruhat Representation Suppose that A is the bruhat representation of a matrix.*
- `size_t LTQSorder` (const size\_t N, const size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q)  
*LTQSorder This procedure computes the order of quasiseparability of a matrix.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t CompressToBlockBiDiagonal` (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, size\_t lda, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr X, size\_t ldx, size\_t \*K, size\_t \*M, size\_t \*T)  
*CompressToBlockBiDiagonal This procedure compress a compact representation of a row echelon form or column echelon form.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`void ExpandBlockBiDiagonalToBruhat` (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, size\_t ldx, size\_t NbBlocks, size\_t \*K, size\_t \*M, size\_t \*T)

*ExpandBlockBiDiagonal* This procedure expand a compact representation of a row echelon form or column echelon form.

- void [Bruhat2EchelonPermutation](#) (size\_t N, size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, size\_t \*M)  
*Bruhat2EchelonPermutation (N,R,P,Q)* Compute M such that LM or MU is in echelon form where L or U are factors of the Bruhat Representation.
- template<class Field>  
void **productBruhatxTS** (const Field &Fi, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, const typename Field::Element\_ptr Xu, size\_t ldu, size\_t NbBlocksU, size\_t \*Ku, size\_t \*Tu, size\_t \*MU, const typename Field::Element\_ptr Xl, size\_t ldl, size\_t NbBlocksL, size\_t \*Kl, size\_t \*Tl, size\_t \*ML, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, size\_t t, size\_t ldb, typename Field::Element\_ptr C, size\_t ldc)  
*productBruhatxTS* Comput the product between the CRE compact representation of a matrix A and B a tall matrix
- template<class Field>  
Field::Element\_ptr [LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor](#) (const Field &F, const size\_t rank, typename Field::Element\_ptr A\_factors, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*QtPointer, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t idx)  
*LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor.*
- template<class Field>  
void [RandomNullSpaceVector](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t incX)  
*Solve  $LX = B$  or  $XL = B$  in place.*
- template<class Field>  
Field::Element\_ptr **expandLCRE** (const Field &Fi, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, size\_t \*R, size\_t i, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr Xu, size\_t ldu, size\_t NbBlocksU, const size\_t \*Ku, const size\_t \*Tuinv, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr Xl, size\_t ldl, size\_t NbBlocksL, const size\_t \*Kl, const size\_t \*Tlinv, typename Field::Element\_ptr CRE, size\_t ldcre)  
*Expands an anti-diagonal block of a left triangular matrix from its compact Bruhat representation.*
- template<class Field>  
void [productBruhatxTS](#) (const Field &Fi, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, size\_t t, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr Xu, size\_t ldu, size\_t NbBlocksU, const size\_t \*Ku, const size\_t \*Tu, const size\_t \*MU, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr Xl, size\_t ldl, size\_t NbBlocksL, const size\_t \*Kl, const size\_t \*Tl, const size\_t \*ML, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, size\_t ldb, const typename Field::Element\_ptr beta, typename Field::Element\_ptr D, size\_t ldd)  
*Compute the product of a left-triangular quasi-separable matrix A, represented by a compact Bruhat generator, with a dense rectangular matrix B:  $C \leftarrow A \times B + \text{beta}C$ .*
- template<class Field>  
Field::Element\_ptr [buildMatrix](#) (const Field &F, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr E, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr C, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*B, const size\_t \*T, const size\_t me, const size\_t mc, const size\_t lambda, const size\_t mu)
- template<class Field>  
size\_t [fsytrf\\_UP\\_RPM](#) (const Field &Fi, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr Din, const size\_t incDinv, size\_t \*P, size\_t BCThreshold)
- template<class Field>  
size\_t [LUdivine](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_TRANSPOSE trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Q, const FFPACK::FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag, const size\_t cutoff)
- void [composePermutationsLLL](#) (size\_t \*P1, const size\_t \*P2, const size\_t R, const size\_t N)  
*Computes  $P1 \times \text{Diag}(I_R, P2)$  where P1 is a LAPACK and P2 a LAPACK permutation and store the result in P1 as a LAPACK permutation.*
- void [composePermutationsLLM](#) (size\_t \*MathP, const size\_t \*P1, const size\_t \*P2, const size\_t R, const size\_t N)  
*Computes  $P1 \times \text{Diag}(I_R, P2)$  where P1 is a LAPACK and P2 a LAPACK permutation and store the result in MathP as a MathPermutation format.*
- void [composePermutationsMLM](#) (size\_t \*MathP1, const size\_t \*P2, const size\_t R, const size\_t N)  
*Computes  $\text{MathP1} \times \text{Diag}(I_R, P2)$  where MathP1 is a MathPermutation and P2 a LAPACK permutation and store the result in MathP1 as a MathPermutation format.*



- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`  
`Field::Element_ptr NonZeroRandomMatrix (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`  
*Random non-zero Matrix.*
- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`  
`Field::Element_ptr NonZeroRandomMatrix (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda)`  
*Random non-zero Matrix.*
- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrix (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`  
*Random Matrix.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrix (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda)`  
*Random Matrix.*
- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomTriangularMatrix (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo, const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag, bool nonsingular, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`  
*Random Triangular Matrix.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomTriangularMatrix (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo, const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag, bool nonsingular, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda)`  
*Random Triangular Matrix.*
- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrix (const Field &F, size_t n, bool nonsingular, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`  
*Random Symmetric Matrix.*
- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRank (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, size_t r, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`  
*Random Matrix with prescribed rank.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRank (const Field &F, size_t m, size_t n, size_t r, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda)`  
*Random Matrix with prescribed rank.*
- `size_t * RandomIndexSubset (size_t N, size_t R, size_t *P)`  
*Pick uniformly at random a sequence of  $R$  distinct elements from the set  $\{0, \dots, N - 1\}$  using Knuth's shuffle.*
- `size_t * RandomPermutation (size_t N, size_t *P)`  
*Pick uniformly at random a permutation of size  $N$  stored in LAPACK format using Knuth's shuffle.*
- `void RandomRankProfileMatrix (size_t M, size_t N, size_t R, size_t *rows, size_t *cols)`  
*Pick uniformly at random an  $R$ -subpermutation of dimension  $M \times N$  : a matrix with only  $R$  non-zeros equal to one, in a random rook placement.*
- `void RandomSymmetricRankProfileMatrix (size_t N, size_t R, size_t *rows, size_t *cols)`  
*Pick uniformly at random a symmetric  $R$ -subpermutation of dimension  $N \times N$  : a symmetric matrix with only  $R$  non-zeros, all equal to one, in a random rook placement.*
- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM (const Field &F, size_t M, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, const size_t *RRP, const size_t *CRP, RandIter &G)`  
*Random Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM (const Field &F, size_t M, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, const size_t *RRP, const size_t *CRP)`

*Random Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .*

- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM (const Field &F, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, const size_t *RRP, const size_t *CRP, RandIter &G)`

*Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an  $n \times n$  symmetric matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .*

- `template<class Field>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM (const Field &F, size_t M, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, const size_t *RRP, const size_t *CRP)`

*Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an  $n \times n$  symmetric matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .*

- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (const Field &F, size_t M, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`

*Random Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries, rank  $r$  and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.*

- `template<class Field>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (const Field &F, size_t M, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda)`

*Random Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries, rank  $r$  and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.*

- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (const Field &F, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`

*Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an  $n \times n$  matrix with random entries, rank  $r$  and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.*

- `template<class Field>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (const Field &F, size_t N, size_t R, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda)`

*Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an  $n \times n$  matrix with random entries, rank  $r$  and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.*

- `template<class Field>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithDet (const Field &F, size_t n, const typename Field::Element d, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda)`

*Random Matrix with prescribed det.*

- `template<class Field, class RandIter>`

`Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithDet (const Field &F, size_t n, const typename Field::Element d, typename Field::Element_ptr A, size_t lda, RandIter &G)`

*Random Matrix with prescribed det.*

## 10.5.1 Detailed Description

**Finite Field PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.

This namespace enlarges the set of BLAS routines of the class FFLAS, with higher level routines based on elimination.

## 10.5.2 Function Documentation

### 10.5.2.1 applyP()

```
template<class Field>
void applyP (
```



```

const Field & F,
const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
const FFLAS::FFLAS_TRANSPOSE Trans,
const size_t M,
const size_t ibeg,
const size_t iend,
typename Field::Element_ptr A,
const size_t lda,
const size_t * P) [inline]

```

Computes  $P1 \times \text{Diag}(I\_R, P2)$  where  $P1$  is a LAPACK and  $P2$  a LAPACK permutation and store the result in  $P1$  as a LAPACK permutation.

#### Parameters

in, out	$P1$	a LAPACK permutation of size N
	$P2$	a LAPACK permutation of size N-R

Applies a permutation  $P$  to the matrix  $A$ . Apply a permutation  $P$ , stored in the LAPACK format (a sequence of transpositions) between indices  $ibeg$  and  $iend$  of  $P$  to  $(iend-ibeg)$  vectors of size  $M$  stored in  $A$  (as column for NoTrans and rows for Trans).  $Side==FFLAS::FflasLeft$  for row permutation  $Side==FFLAS::FflasRight$  for a column permutation  $Trans==FFLAS::FflasTrans$  for the inverse permutation of  $P$

#### Parameters

$F$	base field
$Side$	decides if rows (FflasLeft) or columns (FflasRight) are permuted
$Trans$	decides if the matrix is seen as columns (FflasTrans) or rows (FflasNoTrans)
$M$	size of the elements to permute
$ibeg$	first index to consider in $P$
$iend$	last index to consider in $P$
$A$	input matrix
$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
$P$	permutation in LAPACK format
$psh$	(optional): a sequential or parallel helper, to choose between sequential or parallel execution

#### Warning

not sure the submatrix is still a permutation and the one we expect in all cases... examples for  $iend=2$ ,  $ibeg=1$  and  $P=[2,2,2]$

#### 10.5.2.2 MonotonicApplyP()

```

template<class Field>
void MonotonicApplyP (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_TRANSPOSE Trans,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t ibeg,
    const size_t iend,

```

```

typename Field::Element_ptr A,
const size_t lda,
const size_t * P,
const size_t R) [inline]

```

Apply a R-monotonically increasing permutation P, to the matrix A.

MonotonicApplyP Apply a permutation defined by the first R entries of the vector P (the pivots).

The permutation represented by P is defined as follows:

- the first R values of P is a LAPACK representation (a sequence of transpositions)
- the remaining iend-ibeg-R values of the permutation are in a monotonically increasing progression Side==FFLAS::FflasLeft for row permutation Side==FFLAS::FflasRight for a column permutation Trans==FFLAS::FflasTrans for the inverse permutation of P

#### Parameters

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>Side</i>	selects if it is a row (FflasLeft) or column (FflasRight) permutation
<i>Trans</i>	inverse permutation (FflasTrans/NoTrans)
<i>M</i>	
<i>ibeg</i>	
<i>iend</i>	
<i>A</i>	input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>P</i>	LAPACK permuation
<i>R</i>	first values of P

The non pivot elements, are located in montonically increasing order.

#### 10.5.2.3 fgetrs() [1/2]

```

template<class Field>
void fgetrs (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    typename Field::Element_ptr B,
    const size_t ldb,
    int * info)

```

Solve the system  $AX = B$  or  $XA = B$ .

Solving using the PLUQ decomposition of A already computed inplace with PLUQ (FFLAS::FflasNonUnit). Version for A square. If A is rank deficient, a solution is returned if the system is consistent, Otherwise an info is 1

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>Side</i>	Determine wheter the resolution is left (FflasLeft) or right (FflasRight) looking.
<i>M</i>	row dimension of B
<i>N</i>	col dimension of B
<i>R</i>	rank of A
<i>A</i>	input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>P</i>	row permutation of the PLUQ decomposition of A
<i>Q</i>	column permutation of the PLUQ decomposition of A
<i>B</i>	Right/Left hand side matrix. Initially stores B, finally stores the solution X.
<i>ldb</i>	leading dimension of B
<i>info</i>	Success of the computation: 0 if successfull, >0 if system is inconsistent

## 10.5.2.4 fgetrs() [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr fgetrs (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t NRHS,
    const size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    typename Field::Element_ptr X,
    const size_t ldx,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr B,
    const size_t ldb,
    int * info)
```

Solve the system  $A X = B$  or  $X A = B$ .

Solving using the PLUQ decomposition of A already computed inplace with PLUQ(FFLAS::FflasNonUnit). Version for A rectangular. If A is rank deficient, a solution is returned if the system is consistent, Otherwise an info is 1

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>Side</i>	Determine wheter the resolution is left (FflasLeft) or right (FflasRight) looking.
<i>M</i>	row dimension of A
<i>N</i>	col dimension of A
<i>NRHS</i>	number of columns (if Side = FFLAS::FflasLeft) or row (if Side = FFLAS::FflasRight) of the matrices X and B
<i>R</i>	rank of A
<i>A</i>	input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>P</i>	row permutation of the PLUQ decomposition of A

## Parameters

<i>Q</i>	column permutation of the PLUQ decomposition of A
<i>X</i>	solution matrix
<i>ldx</i>	leading dimension of X
<i>B</i>	Right/Left hand side matrix.
<i>ldb</i>	leading dimension of B
<i>info</i>	Success of the computation: 0 if successful, >0 if system is inconsistent

## 10.5.2.5 fgesv() [1/2]

```
template<class Field>
size_t fgesv (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr B,
    const size_t ldb,
    int * info)
```

Square system solver.

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	The computation domain
<i>Side</i>	Determine whether the resolution is left (FflasLeft) or right (FflasRight) looking
<i>M</i>	row dimension of B
<i>N</i>	col dimension of B
<i>A</i>	input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>B</i>	Right/Left hand side matrix. Initially contains B, finally contains the solution X.
<i>ldb</i>	leading dimension of B
<i>info</i>	Success of the computation: 0 if successful, >0 if system is inconsistent

## Returns

the rank of the system

Solve the system  $A X = B$  or  $X A = B$ . Version for A square. If A is rank deficient, a solution is returned if the system is consistent, Otherwise an info is 1

### 10.5.2.6 fgesv() [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
size_t fgesv (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t NRHS,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr X,
    const size_t ldx,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr B,
    const size_t ldb,
    int * info)
```

Rectangular system solver.

#### Parameters

<i>F</i>	The computation domain
<i>Side</i>	Determine wheter the resolution is left (FflasLeft) or right (FflasRight) looking
<i>M</i>	row dimension of A
<i>N</i>	col dimension of A
<i>NRHS</i>	number of columns (if Side = FFLAS::FflasLeft) or row (if Side = FFLAS::FflasRight) of the matrices X and B
<i>A</i>	input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>B</i>	Right/Left hand side matrix. Initially contains B, finally contains the solution X.
<i>ldb</i>	leading dimension of B
<i>X</i>	
<i>ldx</i>	
<i>info</i>	Success of the computation: 0 if successfull, >0 if system is inconsistent

#### Returns

the rank of the system

Solve the system  $A X = B$  or  $X A = B$ . Version for A square. If A is rank deficient, a solution is returned if the system is consistent, Otherwise an info is 1

### 10.5.2.7 ftrtri()

```
template<class Field>
void ftrtri (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    const size_t threshold = __FFLASFFPACK_FTRTRI_THRESHOLD)
```

Compute the inverse of a triangular matrix.

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>Uplo</i>	whether the matrix is upper or lower triangular
<i>Diag</i>	whether the matrix is unit diagonal (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
<i>N</i>	input matrix order
<i>A</i>	the input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

## 10.5.2.8 ftrtrm()

```
template<class Field>
void ftrtrm (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE side,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda)
```

Compute the product of two triangular matrices of opposite shape.

Product UL or LU of the upper, resp lower triangular matrices U and L stored one above the other in the square matrix A.

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>Side</i>	set to FflasLeft to compute the product UL, FflasRight to compute LU
<i>diag</i>	whether the matrix U is unit diagonal (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
<i>N</i>	input matrix order
<i>A</i>	the input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

## 10.5.2.9 ftrstr()

```
template<class Field>
void ftrstr (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE side,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diagA,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diagB,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr B,
    const size_t ldb,
    const size_t threshold = 64) [inline]
```

Solve a triangular system with a triangular right hand side of the same shape.

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>Side</i>	set to FflasLeft to compute $U1^{-1} * U2$ or $L1^{-1} * L2$ , FflasRight to compute $U1 * U2^{-1}$ or $L1 * L2^{-1}$
<i>Uplo</i>	whether the matrix A is upper or lower triangular
<i>diag1</i>	whether the matrix U1 or L2 is unit diagonal (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
<i>diag2</i>	whether the matrix U2 or L2 is unit diagonal (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
<i>N</i>	order of the input matrices
<i>A</i>	the input matrix to be inverted (U1 or L1)
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>B</i>	the input right hand side (U2 or L2)
<i>ldb</i>	leading dimension of B

## 10.5.2.10 ftrssyr2k()

```
template<class Field>
void ftrssyr2k (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diagA,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr B,
    const size_t ldb,
    const size_t threshold = 64) [inline]
```

Solve a triangular system in a symmetric sum: find B upper/lower triangular such that  $A^T B + B^T A = C$  where C is symmetric.

C is overwritten by B.

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	base field
	<i>Side</i>	set to FflasLeft to compute $U1^{-1} * U2$ or $L1^{-1} * L2$ , FflasRight to compute $U1 * U2^{-1}$ or $L1 * L2^{-1}$
	<i>Uplo</i>	whether the matrix A is upper or lower triangular
	<i>diagA</i>	whether the matrix A is unit diagonal (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	<i>N</i>	order of the input matrices
	<i>A</i>	the input matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>in, out</i>	<i>B</i>	the input right hand side where the output is written
	<i>ldb</i>	leading dimension of B

## 10.5.2.11 fsytrf()

```
template<class Field>
bool fsytrf (
```

```

const Field & F,
const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo,
const size_t N,
typename Field::Element_ptr A,
const size_t lda,
const size_t threshold = __FFLASFFPACK_FSYTRF_THRESHOLD)

```

Triangular factorization of symmetric matrices.

#### Parameters

	<i>F</i>	The computation domain
	<i>UpLo</i>	Determine wheter to store the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular factor
	<i>N</i>	order of the matrix A
in, out	<i>A</i>	input matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

#### Returns

false if the A does not have generic rank profile, making the computation fail.

Compute the a triangular factorization of the matrix A:  $A = L \times D \times L^T$  if UpLo = FflasLower or  $A = U^T \times D \times U$  otherwise. D is a diagonal matrix. The matrices L and U are unit diagonal lower (resp. upper) triangular and overwrite the input matrix A. The matrix D is stored on the diagonal of A, as the diagonal of L or U is known to be all ones. If A does not have generic rank profile, the LDLT or UTDU factorizations is not defined, and the algorithm returns false.

#### 10.5.2.12 fsytrf\_nonunit()

```

template<class Field>
bool fsytrf_nonunit (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr D,
    const size_t incD,
    const size_t threshold = __FFLASFFPACK_FSYTRF_THRESHOLD)

```

Triangular factorization of symmetric matrices.

#### Parameters

	<i>F</i>	The computation domain
	<i>UpLo</i>	Determine wheter to store the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular factor
	<i>N</i>	order of the matrix A
in, out	<i>A</i>	input matrix
in, out	<i>D</i>	
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

#### Returns

false if the A does not have generic rank profile, making the computation fail.

Compute the a triangular factorization of the matrix A:  $A = L \times D_{inv} \times L^T$  if UpLo = FflasLower or  $A = U^T \times D \times U$  otherwise. D is a diagonal matrix. The matrices L and U are lower (resp. upper) triangular and overwrite the input matrix A. The matrix D need to be stored separately, as the diagonal of L or U are not unit. If A does not have generic rank profile, the LDLT or UTDU factorizations is not defined, and the algorithm returns false.



**10.5.2.13 PLUQ()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t PLUQ (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Q) [inline]
```

Compute a PLUQ factorization of the given matrix.

Return its rank. The permutations P and Q are represented using LAPACK's convention.

**Parameters**

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>Diag</i>	whether U should have a unit diagonal (FflasUnit) or not (FflasNoUnit)
<i>M</i>	matrix row dimension
<i>N</i>	matrix column dimension
<i>A</i>	input matrix
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>P</i>	the row permutation
<i>Q</i>	the column permutation

**Returns**

the rank of A

**Bibliography** • Dumas J-G., Pernet C., and Sultan Z. *Simultaneous computation of the row and column rank profiles*, ISSAC'13, 2013

**10.5.2.14 LUdivine()** [1/2]

```
template<class Field>
size_t LUdivine (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_TRANSPOSE trans,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Qt,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive,
    const size_t cutoff = __FFLASFFPACK_LUDIVINE_THRESHOLD)
```

Compute the CUP or PLE factorization of the given matrix.

Using a block algorithm and return its rank. The permutations P and Q are represented using LAPACK's convention.

## Parameters

$F$	base field
$Diag$	whether the transformation matrix (U of the CUP, L of the PLE) should have a unit diagonal (FflasUnit) or not (FflasNoUnit)
$trans$	whether to compute the CUP decomposition (FflasNoTrans) or the PLE decomposition (FflasTrans)
$M$	matrix row dimension
$N$	matrix column dimension
$A$	input matrix
$lda$	leading dimension of A
$P$	the factor of CUP or PLE
$Q$	a permutation indicating the pivot position in the echelon form C or E in its first r positions
$LuTag$	flag for setting the earling termination if the matrix is singular
$cutoff$	threshold to basecase

## Returns

the rank of A

## Bibliography

- Jeannerod C-P, Pernet, C. and Storjohann, A. *Rank-profile revealing Gaussian elimination and the CUP matrix decomposition*, J. of Symbolic Comp., 2013
- Pernet C, Brassel M *LUdivine, une divine factorisation LU*, 2002

## 10.5.2.15 ColumnEchelonForm()

```
template<class Field>
size_t ColumnEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Qt,
    bool transform = false,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Compute the Column Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.

If  $LuTag == FfpackTileRecursive$ , then after the computation  $A = [M \setminus V]$  such that  $AU = C$  is a column echelon decomposition of A, with  $U = P^T [V]$  and  $C = M + Q [I_r] [0 \text{ } I_{n-r}] [0]$  If  $LuTag == FfpackTileRecursive$  then  $A = [N \setminus V]$  such that the same holds with  $M = Q N$

$Qt = Q^T$  If  $transform=false$ , the matrix V is not computed. See also test-colechelon for an example of use

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$P$	the column permutation
	$Qt$	the row position of the pivots in the echelon form
	$transform$	decides whether V is computed
	$LuTag$	chooses the elimination algorithm. SlabRecursive for LUdivine, TileRecursive for PLUQ

### 10.5.2.16 RowEchelonForm()

```
template<class Field>
size_t RowEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Qt,
    const bool transform = false,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Compute the Row Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.

If  $\text{LuTag} == \text{FfpackTileRecursive}$ , then after the computation  $A = [L \setminus M]$  such that  $XA = R$  is a row echelon decomposition of  $A$ , with  $X = [L \ 0] P$  and  $R = M + [I_r \ 0] Q^T [In-r]$  If  $\text{LuTag} == \text{FfpackTileRecursive}$  then  $A = [L \setminus N]$  such that the same holds with  $M = N Q^T Q_t = Q^T$  If  $\text{transform} = \text{false}$ , the matrix  $L$  is not computed. See also `test-rowechelon` for an example of use

#### Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	the input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
	$P$	the row permutation
	$Qt$	the column position of the pivots in the echelon form
	$transform$	decides whether $L$ is computed
	$LuTag$	chooses the elimination algorithm. SlabRecursive for LUdivine, TileRecursive for PLUQ

### 10.5.2.17 ReducedColumnEchelonForm()

```
template<class Field>
size_t ReducedColumnEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Qt,
    const bool transform = false,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Compute the Reduced Column Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.

After the computation  $A = [V]$  such that  $AX = R$  is a reduced col echelon  $[M \ 0]$  decomposition of  $A$ , where  $X = P^T [V]$  and  $R = Q [I_r] [0 \ In-r] [M \ 0] Q_t = Q^T$  If  $\text{transform} = \text{false}$ , the matrix  $X$  is not computed and the matrix  $A = R$

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$P$	the column permutation
	$Qt$	the row position of the pivots in the echelon form
	$transform$	decides whether X is computed
	$LuTag$	chooses the elimination algorithm. SlabRecursive for LUdivine, TileRecursive for PLUQ

## 10.5.2.18 ReducedRowEchelonForm()

```

template<class Field>
size_t ReducedRowEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Qt,
    const bool transform = false,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]

```

Compute the Reduced Row Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.

After the computation  $A = [V1 \ M]$  such that  $X A = R$  is a reduced row echelon  $[V2 \ 0]$  decomposition of A, where  $X = [V1 \ 0] P$  and  $R = [I_r \ M] Q^T [V2 \ In-r] [0] Qt = Q^T$  If transform=false, the matrix X is not computed and the matrix  $A = R$

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$P$	the row permutation
	$Qt$	the column position of the pivots in the echelon form
	$transform$	decides whether X is computed
	$LuTag$	chooses the elimination algorithm. SlabRecursive for LUdivine, TileRecursive for PLUQ

## 10.5.2.19 Invert() [1/2]

```

template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr Invert (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,

```

```

typename Field::Element_ptr A,
const size_t lda,
int & nullity)

```

Invert the given matrix in place or computes its nullity if it is singular.

An inplace  $2n^3$  algorithm is used.

#### Parameters

	$F$	The computation domain
	$M$	order of the matrix
in, out	$A$	input matrix ( $M \times M$ )
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
	$nullity$	dimension of the kernel of $A$

#### Returns

pointer to  $A$  and  $A \leftarrow A^{-1}$

#### 10.5.2.20 Invert() [2/2]

```

template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr Invert (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr X,
    const size_t ldx,
    int & nullity)

```

Invert the given matrix or computes its nullity if it is singular.

#### Precondition

$X$  is preallocated and should be large enough to store the  $m \times m$  matrix  $A$ .

#### Parameters

	$F$	The computation domain
	$M$	order of the matrix
in	$A$	input matrix ( $M \times M$ )
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
out	$X$	this is the inverse of $A$ if $A$ is invertible (non NULL and $nullity = 0$ ). It is untouched otherwise.
	$ldx$	leading dimension of $X$
	$nullity$	dimension of the kernel of $A$

#### Returns

pointer to  $X = A^{-1}$

### 10.5.2.21 Invert2()

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr Invert2 (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr X,
    const size_t ldx,
    int & nullity)
```

Invert the given matrix or computes its nullity if it is singular.

An  $2n^3f$  algorithm is used. This routine can be % faster than [FFPACK::Invert](#) but is not totally inplace.

#### Precondition

X is preallocated and should be large enough to store the  $m \times m$  matrix A.

#### Warning

A is overwritten here !

**Bug** not tested.

#### Parameters

	$F$	the computation domain
	$M$	order of the matrix
in, out	$A$	input matrix ( $M \times M$ ). On output, A is modified and represents a "psychological" factorisation LU.
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
out	$X$	this is the inverse of A if A is invertible (non NULL and nullity = 0). It is untouched otherwise.
	$ldx$	leading dimension of X
	$nullity$	dimension of the kernel of A

#### Returns

pointer to  $X = A^{-1}$

**Todo** this init is not all necessary (done after ftrtri)

### 10.5.2.22 CharPoly() [1/3]

```
template<class PolRing>
std::list< typename PolRing::Element > & CharPoly (
    const PolRing & R,
    std::list< typename PolRing::Element > & charp,
    const size_t N,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::RandIter & G,
    const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag = FfpackAuto,
    const size_t degree = __FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD) [inline]
```

Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix A.

## Parameters

	<i>R</i>	the polynomial ring of charp (contains the base field)
out	<i>charp</i>	the characteristic polynomial of <i>as</i> as a list of factors
	<i>N</i>	order of the matrix <i>A</i>
in	<i>A</i>	the input matrix ( $N \times N$ ) (could be overwritten in some algorithmic variants)
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of <i>A</i>
	<i>CharpTag</i>	the algorithmic variant
	<i>G</i>	a random iterator (required for the randomized variants LUKrylov and ArithProg)

## 10.5.2.23 CharPoly() [2/3]

```
template<class PolRing>
PolRing::Element & CharPoly (
    const PolRing & R,
    typename PolRing::Element & charp,
    const size_t N,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::RandIter & G,
    const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag = FfpackAuto,
    const size_t degree = __FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD) [inline]
```

Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix *A*.

## Parameters

	<i>R</i>	the polynomial ring of charp (contains the base field)
out	<i>charp</i>	the characteristic polynomial of <i>as</i> as a single polynomial
	<i>N</i>	order of the matrix <i>A</i>
in	<i>A</i>	the input matrix ( $N \times N$ ) (could be overwritten in some algorithmic variants)
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of <i>A</i>
	<i>CharpTag</i>	the algorithmic variant
	<i>G</i>	a random iterator (required for the randomized variants LUKrylov and ArithProg)

## 10.5.2.24 CharPoly() [3/3]

```
template<class PolRing>
PolRing::Element & CharPoly (
    const PolRing & R,
    typename PolRing::Element & charp,
    const size_t N,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag = FfpackAuto,
    const size_t degree = __FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD) [inline]
```

Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix *A*.

## Parameters

	$R$	the polynomial ring of charp (contains the base field)
out	<i>charp</i>	the characteristic polynomial of $A$ as a single polynomial
	$N$	order of the matrix $A$
in	$A$	the input matrix ( $N \times N$ ) (could be overwritten in some algorithmic variants)
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of $A$
	<i>CharpTag</i>	the algorithmic variant

## 10.5.2.25 MinPoly() [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class Polynomial>
Polynomial & MinPoly (
    const Field & F,
    Polynomial & minP,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda) [inline]
```

Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix  $A$ .

The algorithm is randomized probabilistic, and computes the minimal polynomial of the Krylov iterates of a random vector:  $(v, Av, \dots, A^k v)$

## Parameters

	$F$	the base field
out	<i>minP</i>	the minimal polynomial of $A$
	$N$	order of the matrix $A$
in	$A$	the input matrix ( $N \times N$ )
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of $A$

## 10.5.2.26 MinPoly() [2/2]

```
template<class Field, class Polynomial, class RandIter>
Polynomial & MinPoly (
    const Field & F,
    Polynomial & minP,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix  $A$ .

The algorithm is randomized probabilistic, and computes the minimal polynomial of the Krylov iterates of a random vector:  $(v, Av, \dots, A^k v)$



## Parameters

	$F$	the base field
out	$minP$	the minimal polynomial of $A$
	$N$	order of the matrix $A$
in	$A$	the input matrix ( $N \times N$ )
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
	$G$	a random iterator

## 10.5.2.27 MatVecMinPoly()

```
template<class Field, class Polynomial>
Polynomial & MatVecMinPoly (
    const Field & F,
    Polynomial & minP,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr v,
    const size_t incv) [inline]
```

Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix  $A$  and a vector  $v$ , namely the first linear dependency relation in the Krylov basis  $(v, Av, \dots, A^N v)$ .

## Parameters

	$F$	the base field
out	$minP$	the minimal polynomial of $A$ and $v$
	$N$	order of the matrix $A$
in	$A$	the input matrix ( $N \times N$ )
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
	$K$	an $N \times (N + 1)$ matrix containing the vector $v$ on its first row
	$ldk$	leading dimension of $K$
	$P$	[out] (optional) the permutation used in the elimination of the Krylov matrix $K$

## 10.5.2.28 Rank()

```
template<class Field>
size_t Rank (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda)
```

Computes the rank of the given matrix using a PLUQ factorization.

The input matrix is modified.

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	row dimension of the matrix
	$N$	column dimension of the matrix
in	$A$	input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$psH$	(optional) a ParSeqHelper to choose between sequential and parallel execution

## 10.5.2.29 IsSingular()

```
template<class Field>
bool IsSingular (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda)
```

Returns true if the given matrix is singular.

The method is a block elimination with early termination

using LQUP factorization with early termination. If  $M \neq N$ , then the matrix is virtually padded with zeros to make it square and it's determinant is zero.

## Warning

The input matrix is modified.

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	row dimension of the matrix
	$N$	column dimension of the matrix.
in, out	$A$	input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A

## 10.5.2.30 Det()

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element & Det (
    const Field & F,
    typename Field::Element & det,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P = NULL,
    size_t * Q = NULL) [inline]
```

Returns the determinant of the given square matrix.

The method is a block elimination using PLUQ factorization. The input matrix A is overwritten.

## Warning

The input matrix is modified.

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	base field
out	<i>det</i>	the determinant of A
	<i>N</i>	the order of the square matrix A.
in, out	<i>A</i>	input matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
	<i>psH</i>	(optional) a ParSeqHelper to choose between sequential and parallel execution
	<i>P,Q</i>	(optional) row and column permutations to be used by the PLUQ factorization. randomized checkers (see cherckes/checker_det.inl) need them for certification

## 10.5.2.31 Solve()

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr Solve (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr x,
    const int incx,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr b,
    const int incb) [inline]
```

Solves a linear system  $AX = b$  using PLUQ factorization.

@oaram F base field @oaram M matrix order

## Parameters

in	<i>A</i>	input matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	<i>x</i>	output solution vector
	<i>incx</i>	increment of x
	<i>b</i>	input right hand side of the system
	<i>incb</i>	increment of b

## 10.5.2.32 RandomNullSpaceVector() [1/2]

```
template<class Field>
*void RandomNullSpaceVector (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr X,
    const size_t incX)
```

Solve  $LX = B$  or  $XL = B$  in place.

L is  $M \times M$  if Side == FFLAS::FflasLeft and  $N \times N$  if Side == FFLAS::FflasRight, B is  $M \times N$ . Only the R non trivial column of L are stored in the  $M \times R$  matrix L Requirement : so that L could be expanded in-place Computes a vector of the Left/Right nullspace of the matrix A.

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	The computation domain
	<i>Side</i>	decides whether it computes the left (FflasLeft) or right (FflasRight) nullspace
	<i>M</i>	number of rows
	<i>N</i>	number of columns
in, out	<i>A</i>	input matrix of dimension M x N, A is modified to its LU version
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	<i>X</i>	output vector
	<i>incX</i>	increment of X

**10.5.2.33 NullSpaceBasis()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t NullSpaceBasis (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr & NS,
    size_t & ldn,
    size_t & NSdim)
```

Computes a basis of the Left/Right nullspace of the matrix A.

return the dimension of the nullspace.

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	The computation domain
	<i>Side</i>	decides whether it computes the left (FflasLeft) or right (FflasRight) nullspace
	<i>M</i>	number of rows
	<i>N</i>	number of columns
in, out	<i>A</i>	input matrix of dimension M x N, A is modified
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	<i>NS</i>	output matrix of dimension N x NSdim (allocated here)
out	<i>ldn</i>	leading dimension of NS
out	<i>NSdim</i>	the dimension of the Nullspace (N-rank(A))

**10.5.2.34 RowRankProfile()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t RowRankProfile (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t *& rkprofile,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Computes the row rank profile of A.

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix of dimension $M \times N$
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
out	$rkprofile$	return the rank profile as an array of row indexes, of dimension $r=\text{rank}(A)$
	$LuTag$	chooses the elimination algorithm. SlabRecursive for LUdivine, TileRecursive for PLUQ

$A$  is modified  $rkprofile$  is allocated during the computation.

## Returns

$R$

## 10.5.2.35 ColumnRankProfile()

```
template<class Field>
size_t ColumnRankProfile (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t *rkprofile,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Computes the column rank profile of  $A$ .

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix of dimension
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
out	$rkprofile$	return the rank profile as an array of row indexes, of dimension $r=\text{rank}(A)$
	$LuTag$	chooses the elimination algorithm. SlabRecursive for LUdivine, TileRecursive for PLUQ

$A$  is modified  $rkprofile$  is allocated during the computation.

## Returns

$R$

### 10.5.2.36 RankProfileFromLU()

```
void RankProfileFromLU (
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    size_t * rkprofile,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag) [inline]
```

Recovers the column/row rank profile from the permutation of an LU decomposition.

Works with both the CUP/PLE decompositions (obtained by LUdivine) or the PLUQ decomposition. Assumes that the output vector containing the rank profile is already allocated.

#### Parameters

	<i>P</i>	the permutation carrying the rank profile information
	<i>N</i>	the row/col dimension for a row/column rank profile
	<i>R</i>	the rank of the matrix
out	<i>rkprofile</i>	return the rank profile as an array of indices
	<i>LuTag</i>	chooses the elimination algorithm. SlabRecursive for LUdivine, TileRecursive for PLUQ

### 10.5.2.37 LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles()

```
size_t LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles (
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t LSm,
    const size_t LSn,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    size_t * RRP,
    size_t * CRP) [inline]
```

Recovers the row and column rank profiles of any leading submatrix from the PLUQ decomposition.

Only works with the PLUQ decomposition Assumes that the output vectors containing the rank profiles are already allocated.

#### Parameters

<i>P</i>	the permutation carrying the rank profile information
<i>M</i>	the row dimension of the initial matrix
<i>N</i>	the column dimension of the initial matrix
<i>R</i>	the rank of the initial matrix
<i>LSm</i>	the row dimension of the leading submatrix considered
<i>LSn</i>	the column dimension of the leading submatrix considered
<i>P</i>	the row permutation of the PLUQ decomposition
<i>Q</i>	the column permutation of the PLUQ decomposition
<i>RRP</i>	return the row rank profile of the leading submatrix

**Returns**

the rank of the  $LS_m \times LS_n$  leading submatrix

A is modified

**Bibliography**

- Dumas J-G., Pernet C., and Sultan Z. *Simultaneous computation of the row and column rank profiles*, ISSAC'13.

**10.5.2.38 RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t *& rowindices,
    size_t *& colindices,
    size_t & R)
```

RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices.

Computes the indices of the submatrix  $r \times r$  X of A whose rows correspond to the row rank profile of A.

**Parameters**

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix of dimension
	$rowindices$	array of the row indices of X in A
	$colindices$	array of the col indices of X in A
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
out	$R$	list of indices

rowindices and colindices are allocated during the computation. A is modified

**Returns**

R

**10.5.2.39 ColRankProfileSubmatrixIndices()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t ColRankProfileSubmatrixIndices (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t *& rowindices,
    size_t *& colindices,
    size_t & R)
```

Computes the indices of the submatrix  $r \times r$  X of A whose columns correspond to the column rank profile of A.

**Parameters**

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix of dimension
	<i>rowindices</i>	array of the row indices of X in A
	<i>colindices</i>	array of the col indices of X in A
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	$R$	list of indices

rowindices and colindices are allocated during the computation.

**Warning**

A is modified

**Returns**

R

**10.5.2.40 RowRankProfileSubmatrix()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t RowRankProfileSubmatrix (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr & X,
    size_t & R)
```

Computes the  $r \times r$  submatrix X of A, by picking the row rank profile rows of A.

**Parameters**

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix of dimension M x N
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	$X$	the output matrix
out	$R$	list of indices

A is not modified X is allocated during the computation.

**Returns**

R



**10.5.2.41 ColRankProfileSubmatrix()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t ColRankProfileSubmatrix (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr & X,
    size_t & R)
```

Compute the  $r \times r$  submatrix X of A, by picking the row rank profile rows of A.

**Parameters**

	$F$	base field
	$M$	number of rows
	$N$	number of columns
in	$A$	input matrix of dimension M x N
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
out	$X$	the output matrix
out	$R$	list of indices

A is not modified X is allocated during the computation.

**Returns**

R

**10.5.2.42 getTriangular() [1/2]**

```
template<class Field>
void getTriangular (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr T,
    const size_t ldt,
    const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors = false) [inline]
```

Extracts a triangular matrix from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank R.

if OnlyNonZeroVectors is false, then T and A have the same dimensions Otherwise, T is R x N if UpLo = FflasUpper, else T is M x R

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	base field
	<i>UpLo</i>	selects if the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular matrix is returned
	<i>diag</i>	selects if the triangular matrix unit-diagonal (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	<i>M</i>	row dimension of T
	<i>N</i>	column dimension of T
	<i>R</i>	rank of the triangular matrix (how many rows/columns need to be copied)
in	<i>A</i>	input matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	<i>T</i>	output matrix
	<i>ldt</i>	leading dimension of T
	<i>OnlyNonZeroVectors</i>	decides whether the last zero rows/columns should be ignored

**Todo** just one triangular fzero+fassign ?

#### 10.5.2.43 getTriangular() [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
void getTriangular (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda) [inline]
```

Cleans up a compact storage  $A=LU$  to reveal a triangular matrix of rank R.

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	base field
	<i>UpLo</i>	selects if the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular matrix is revealed
	<i>diag</i>	selects if the triangular matrix unit-diagonal (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	<i>M</i>	row dimension of A
	<i>N</i>	column dimension of A
	<i>R</i>	rank of the triangular matrix
in, out	<i>A</i>	input/output matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

**Todo** just one triangular fzero+fassign ?

**10.5.2.44 getEchelonForm() [1/2]**

```

template<class Field>
void getEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t * P,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr T,
    const size_t ldt,
    const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors = false,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]

```

Extracts a matrix in echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.

Either  $L$  or  $U$  is in Echelon form (depending on Uplo) The echelon structure is defined by the first  $R$  values of the array  $P$ . row and column dimension of  $T$  are greater or equal to that of  $A$

**Parameters**

	<i>F</i>	base field
	<i>UpLo</i>	selects if the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular matrix is returned
	<i>diag</i>	selects if the echelon matrix has unit pivots (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	<i>M</i>	row dimension of T
	<i>N</i>	column dimension of T
	<i>R</i>	rank of the triangular matrix (how many rows/columns need to be copied)
	<i>P</i>	positions of the R pivots
in	<i>A</i>	input matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	<i>T</i>	output matrix
	<i>ldt</i>	leading dimension of T
	<i>OnlyNonZeroVectors</i>	decides whether the last zero rows/columns should be ignored
	<i>LuTag</i>	which factorized form (CUP/PLE if FfpackSlabRecursive, PLUQ if FfpackTileRecursive)

**10.5.2.45 getEchelonForm() [2/2]**

```

template<class Field>
void getEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t * P,

```

```

typename Field::Element_ptr A,
const size_t lda,
const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]

```

Cleans up a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm to reveal an echelon form of rank  $R$ .

Either  $L$  or  $U$  is in Echelon form (depending on Uplo) The echelon structure is defined by the first  $R$  values of the array  $P$ .

#### Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$UpLo$	selects if the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular matrix is returned
	$diag$	selects if the echelon matrix has unit pivots (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	$M$	row dimension of $A$
	$N$	column dimension of $A$
	$R$	rank of the triangular matrix (how many rows/columns need to be copied)
	$P$	positions of the $R$ pivots
in, out	$A$	input/output matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
	$LuTag$	which factorized form (CUP/PLE if FfpackSlabRecursive, PLUQ if FfpackTileRecursive)

#### 10.5.2.46 getEchelonTransform()

```

template<class Field>
void getEchelonTransform (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr T,
    const size_t ldt,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]

```

Extracts a transformation matrix to echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by Row↔EchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.

If Uplo == FflasLower:  $T$  is  $N \times N$  (already allocated) such that  $A T = C$  is a transformation of  $A$  in Column echelon form Else  $T$  is  $M \times M$  (already allocated) such that  $T A = E$  is a transformation of  $A$  in Row Echelon form

#### Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$UpLo$	Lower (FflasLower) means Transformation to Column Echelon Form, Upper (FflasUpper), to Row Echelon Form
	$diag$	selects if the echelon matrix has unit pivots (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	$M$	row dimension of $A$

## Parameters

	$N$	column dimension of A
	$R$	rank of the triangular matrix
	$P$	permutation matrix
in	$A$	input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
out	$T$	output matrix
	$ldt$	leading dimension of T
	$LuTag$	which factorized form (CUP/PLE if FfpackSlabRecursive, PLUQ if FfpackTileRecursive)

## 10.5.2.47 getReducedEchelonForm() [1/2]

```
template<class Field>
void getReducedEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t * P,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr T,
    const size_t ldt,
    const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors = false,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Extracts a matrix in echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by ReducedRowEchelonForm or ReducedColumnEchelonForm with transform = true.

Either L or U is in Echelon form (depending on Uplo) The echelon structure is defined by the first  $R$  values of the array  $P$ . row and column dimension of  $T$  are greater or equal to that of  $A$

## Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$UpLo$	selects if the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular matrix is returned
	$diag$	selects if the echelon matrix has unit pivots (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	$M$	row dimension of T
	$N$	column dimension of T
	$R$	rank of the triangular matrix (how many rows/columns need to be copied)
	$P$	positions of the $R$ pivots
in	$A$	input matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$ldt$	leading dimension of T
	$LuTag$	which factorized form (CUP/PLE if FfpackSlabRecursive, PLUQ if FfpackTileRecursive)
	$OnlyNonZeroVectors$	decides whether the last zero rows/columns should be ignored

### 10.5.2.48 getReducedEchelonForm() [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
void getReducedEchelonForm (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t * P,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Cleans up a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by ReducedRowEchelonForm or ReducedColumnEchelonForm with transform = true.

Either L or U is in Echelon form (depending on Uplo) The echelon structure is defined by the first  $R$  values of the array  $P$ .

#### Parameters

	$F$	base field
	$UpLo$	selects if the upper (FflasUpper) or lower (FflasLower) triangular matrix is returned
	$diag$	selects if the echelon matrix has unit pivots (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	$M$	row dimension of A
	$N$	column dimension of A
	$R$	rank of the triangular matrix (how many rows/columns need to be copied)
	$P$	positions of the $R$ pivots
in, out	$A$	input/output matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$LuTag$	which factorized form (CUP/PLE if FfpackSlabRecursive, PLUQ if FfpackTileRecursive)

### 10.5.2.49 getReducedEchelonTransform()

```
template<class Field>
void getReducedEchelonTransform (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr T,
    const size_t ldt,
    const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag = FfpackSlabRecursive) [inline]
```

Extracts a transformation matrix to echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.

If Uplo == FflasLower:  $T$  is  $N \times N$  (already allocated) such that  $A T = C$  is a transformation of  $A$  in Column echelon form Else  $T$  is  $M \times M$  (already allocated) such that  $T A = E$  is a transformation of  $A$  in Row Echelon form

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	base field
	<i>UpLo</i>	selects Col (FflasLower) or Row (FflasUpper) Echelon Form
	<i>diag</i>	selects if the echelon matrix has unit pivots (FflasUnit/NoUnit)
	<i>M</i>	row dimension of A
	<i>N</i>	column dimension of A
	<i>R</i>	rank of the triangular matrix
	<i>P</i>	permutation matrix
in	<i>A</i>	input matrix
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
out	<i>T</i>	output matrix
	<i>ldt</i>	leading dimension of T
	<i>LuTag</i>	which factorized form (CUP/PLE if FfpackSlabRecursive, PLUQ if FfpackTileRecursive)

## 10.5.2.50 LTBruhatGen()

```
template<class Field>
size_t LTBruhatGen (
    const Field & Fi,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Q) [inline]
```

LTBruhatGen Suppose A is Left Triangular Matrix This procedure computes the Bruhat Representation of A and return the rank of A.

## Parameters

<i>Fi</i>	base Field
<i>diag</i>	
<i>N</i>	size of A
<i>A</i>	the matrix we search the Bruhat representation
<i>lda</i>	the leading dimension of A
<i>P</i>	a permutation matrix
<i>Q</i>	a permutation matrix

## 10.5.2.51 getLTBruhatGen() [1/2]

```
template<class Field>
void getLTBruhatGen (
    const Field & Fi,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t r,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
```

```
typename Field::Element_ptr R,  
const size_t ldr) [inline]
```

GetLTBruhatGen This procedure Computes the Rank Revealing Matrix based on the Bruhta representation of a Matrix.



## Parameters

<i>Fi</i>	base Field
<i>N</i>	size of the matrix
<i>r</i>	the rank of the matrix
<i>P</i>	a permutation matrix
<i>Q</i>	a permutation matrix
<i>R</i>	the matrix that will contain the rank revealing matrix
<i>ldr</i>	the leading fimension of R

## 10.5.2.52 getLTBruhatGen() [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
void getLTBruhatGen (
    const Field & Fi,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG diag,
    const size_t N,
    const size_t r,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr T,
    const size_t ldt) [inline]
```

GetLTBruhatGen This procedure computes the matrix L or U f the Bruhat Representation Suppose that A is the bruhat representation of a matrix.

## Parameters

<i>Fi</i>	base Field
<i>Uplo</i>	choose if the procedure return L or U
<i>diag</i>	
<i>N</i>	size of A
<i>r</i>	rank of A
<i>P</i>	permutaion matrix
<i>Q</i>	permutation matrix
<i>A</i>	a bruhat representation
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>T</i>	matrix that will contains L or U
<i>ldt</i>	leading dimension of T

## 10.5.2.53 LTQSorter()

```
size_t LTQSorter (
    const size_t N,
    const size_t r,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q) [inline]
```

LTQSorter This procedure computes the order of quasiseparability of a matrix.

## Parameters

$N$	size of the matrix
$r$	rank of the matrix
$P$	permutation matrix
$Q$	permutation matrix

**10.5.2.54 CompressToBlockBiDiagonal()**

```
template<class Field>
size_t CompressToBlockBiDiagonal (
    const Field &  $Fi$ ,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO  $Uplo$ ,
    size_t  $N$ ,
    size_t  $s$ ,
    size_t  $r$ ,
    const size_t *  $P$ ,
    const size_t *  $Q$ ,
    typename Field::Element_ptr  $A$ ,
    size_t  $lda$ ,
    typename Field::Element_ptr  $X$ ,
    size_t  $ldx$ ,
    size_t *  $K$ ,
    size_t *  $M$ ,
    size_t *  $T$ ) [inline]
```

**CompressToBlockBiDiagonal** This procedure compress a compact representation of a row echelon form or column echelon form.

## Parameters

$Fi$	base Field
$Uplo$	chosse if the procedure is based on row or column
$N$	size of the matrix
$s$	order of qausiseparability
$r$	rank
$P$	permutation matrix
$Q$	permutation matrix
$A$	the matrix to compact
$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
$X$	matrix that will stock the representation
$ldx$	leading dimension of $X$
$K$	stock the position of the blocks in $A$
$M$	permutation matrix
$T$	stock the operation done in the procedure

**10.5.2.55 ExpandBlockBiDiagonalToBruhat()**

```
template<class Field>
void ExpandBlockBiDiagonalToBruhat (
```

```

const Field & Fi,
const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO Uplo,
size_t N,
size_t s,
size_t r,
typename Field::Element_ptr A,
size_t lda,
typename Field::Element_ptr X,
size_t ldx,
size_t NbBlocks,
size_t * K,
size_t * M,
size_t * T) [inline]

```

**ExpandBlockBiDiagonal** This procedure expand a compact representation of a row echelon form or column echelon form.

#### Parameters

<i>Fi</i>	base Field
<i>Uplo</i>	chosse if the procedure is based on row or column
<i>N</i>	size of the matrix
<i>s</i>	order of qausiseparability
<i>r</i>	rank
<i>A</i>	the matrix that will sotck the expanded representation
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>X</i>	matrix to expand
<i>ldx</i>	leading dimension of X
<i>K</i>	stock the position of the blocks in A
<i>M</i>	permutation matrix
<i>T</i>	stock the operation done in the procedure

#### 10.5.2.56 Bruhat2EchelonPermutation()

```

void Bruhat2EchelonPermutation (
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    size_t * M) [inline]

```

**Bruhat2EchelonPermutation (N,R,P,Q)** Compute M such that LM or MU is in echelon form where L or U are factors of the Bruhat Rpresentation.

#### Parameters

in	<i>N</i>	size of the matrix
in	<i>R</i>	rank
in	<i>P</i>	permutation Matrix
in	<i>Q</i>	permutation Matrix
out	<i>M</i>	output permutation matrix

### 10.5.2.57 LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor()

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t rank,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A_factors,
    const size_t lda,
    const size_t * QtPointer,
    typename Field::Element_ptr X,
    const size_t ldx)
```

LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor.

Suppose A has been factorized as L.Q.U.P, with rank r. Then Qt.A.Pt has an invertible leading principal  $r \times r$  submatrix This procedure efficiently computes the inverse of this minor and puts it into X.

#### Note

It changes the lower entries of A\_factors in the process (NB: unless A was nonsingular and square)

#### Parameters

<i>F</i>	base field
<i>rank</i>	rank of the matrix.
<i>A_factors</i>	matrix containing the L and U entries of the factorization
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>QtPointer</i>	theLQUP->getQ()->getPointer() (note: getQ returns Qt!)
<i>X</i>	desired location for output
<i>ldx</i>	leading dimension of X

### 10.5.2.58 RandomNullSpaceVector() [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
void RandomNullSpaceVector (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_SIDE Side,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    typename Field::Element_ptr X,
    const size_t incX)
```

Solve  $LX = B$  or  $XL = B$  in place.

L is  $M \times M$  if Side == FFLAS::FflasLeft and  $N \times N$  if Side == FFLAS::FflasRight, B is  $M \times N$ . Only the R non trivial column of L are stored in the  $M \times R$  matrix L Requirement : so that L could be expanded in-place Computes a vector of the Left/Right nullspace of the matrix A.

#### Parameters

	<i>F</i>	The computation domain
--	----------	------------------------

## Parameters

	<i>Side</i>	decides whether it computes the left (FflasLeft) or right (FflasRight) nullspace
	<i>M</i>	number of rows
	<i>N</i>	number of columns
<i>in, out</i>	<i>A</i>	input matrix of dimension M x N, A is modified to its LU version
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>out</i>	<i>X</i>	output vector
	<i>incX</i>	increment of X

## 10.5.2.59 productBruhatxTS()

```

template<class Field>
void productBruhatxTS (
    const Field & Fi,
    size_t N,
    size_t s,
    size_t r,
    size_t t,
    const size_t * P,
    const size_t * Q,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr Xu,
    size_t ldu,
    size_t NbBlocksU,
    const size_t * Ku,
    const size_t * Tu,
    const size_t * MU,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr Xl,
    size_t ldl,
    size_t NbBlocksL,
    const size_t * Kl,
    const size_t * Tl,
    const size_t * ML,
    typename Field::Element_ptr B,
    size_t ldb,
    const typename Field::Element beta,
    typename Field::Element_ptr D,
    size_t ldd) [inline]

```

Compute the product of a left-triangular quasi-separable matrix A, represented by a compact Bruhat generator, with a dense rectangular matrix B:  $C \leftarrow A \times B + \text{beta}C$ .

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	the base field
	<i>N</i>	the order of A
	<i>s</i>	the order of quasiseparability of A
	<i>r</i>	the number of pivots in the left-triangular par of the rank profile matrix of A
	<i>t</i>	the number of columns of B
	<i>P</i>	the row indices of the pivots of A
	<i>Q</i>	the column indices of the pivots of A
	<i>Xu</i>	the compact storage of U: Du blocks in the first s rows, Su blocks in the last s rows
	<i>ldxu</i>	the leading dimension of Xu

## Parameters

	$NbBlocksU$	the number of diagonal blocks in the compact storage of U
	$Ku$	the list of starting column positions for each block of the storage of U
	$Tu$	the folding matrix for the compact storage of U: $Du + TuSu$ is in row echelon form
	$Mu$	a permutation matrix such that $Mu(Du + TuSu)$ is the U factor of the Bruhat generator
	$Xl$	the compact storage of L: Dl blocks in the first s columns, Sl blocks in the last s columns
	$ldxl$	the leading dimension of $Xl$
	$NbBlocksL$	the number of diagonal blocks in the compact storage of L
	$Kl$	the list of starting row positions for each block of the storage of L
	$Tl$	the folding matrix for the compact storage of L: $Dl + SlTl$ is in column echelon form
	$Ml$	a permutation matrix such that $(Dl + SlTl)Ml$ is the L factor of the Bruhat generator
	$B$	an $N \times t$ dense matrix
	$ldb$	leading dimension of B
	$beta$	scaling constant
in, out	$C$	output matrix
	$ldc$	leading dimension of C

**Bibliography** Pernet C. and Storjohann A. *Time and space efficient generators for quasiseparable matrices*, JSC (85), 2018, doi:10.1016/j.jsc.2017.07.010

### 10.5.2.60 buildMatrix()

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr buildMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr E,
    typename Field::ConstElement_ptr C,
    const size_t lda,
    const size_t * B,
    const size_t * T,
    const size_t me,
    const size_t mc,
    const size_t lambda,
    const size_t mu)
```

**Bug** is this :

### 10.5.2.61 fsytrf\_UP\_RPM()

```
template<class Field>
size_t fsytrf_UP_RPM (
    const Field & Fi,
    const size_t N,
```

```

typename Field::Element_ptr A,
const size_t lda,
typename Field::Element_ptr Dinv,
const size_t incDinv,
size_t * P,
size_t BCThreshold) [inline]

```

MathP <-[ [ I ] x P1 | ] [ L\_(N1+R2) ] [ P2^T ] | ] x [ P3^T ] [ -----|---- ] [ Q2^T ]

Changing [ U1 V1 | E1 E21 E22 ] into [ U1 E11 E12 V1 E\* E\* ] [ 0 | L2 \ U2 V21 V22 ] [ U4 V41 0 V42 V43 ] [ 0 | M2 0 0 ] [ U3 0 0 V3 ] [ ----|----- ] [ 0 0 0 ] [ 0 | H1 H21 H22 ] [ 0 | U3 V3 ] [ 0 | 0 ] where U4 is the 2R2 x 2R2 matrix formed by interleaving U2, L2^T and H1

### 10.5.2.62 LUdivine() [2/2]

```

template<class Field>
size_t LUdivine (
    const Field & F,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_TRANSPOSE trans,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Q,
    const FFPACK::FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag,
    const size_t cutoff) [inline]

```

**Todo** std::swap ?

### 10.5.2.63 composePermutationsLLL()

```

void composePermutationsLLL (
    size_t * P1,
    const size_t * P2,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t N) [inline]

```

Computes  $P1 \times \text{Diag}(I_R, P2)$  where  $P1$  is a LAPACK and  $P2$  a LAPACK permutation and store the result in  $P1$  as a LAPACK permutation.

#### Parameters

in, out	$P1$	a LAPACK permutation of size N
	$P2$	a LAPACK permutation of size N-R

### 10.5.2.64 composePermutationsLLM()

```

void composePermutationsLLM (
    size_t * MathP,
    const size_t * P1,
    const size_t * P2,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t N) [inline]

```

Computes  $P1 \times \text{Diag}(I_R, P2)$  where  $P1$  is a LAPACK and  $P2$  a LAPACK permutation and store the result in  $MathP$  as a MathPermutation format.

## Parameters

out		
-----	--	--

a MathPermutation of size N

## Parameters

<i>P1</i>	a LAPACK permutation of size N
<i>P2</i>	a LAPACK permutation of size N-R

## 10.5.2.65 composePermutationsMLM()

```
void composePermutationsMLM (
    size_t * MathP1,
    const size_t * P2,
    const size_t R,
    const size_t N) [inline]
```

Computes MathP1 x Diag (I\_R, P2) where MathP1 is a MathPermutation and P2 a LAPACK permutation and store the result in MathP1 as a MathPermutation format.

## Parameters

in, out	<i>MathP1</i>	a MathPermutation of size N
	<i>P2</i>	a LAPACK permutation of size N-R

## 10.5.2.66 NonZeroRandomMatrix() [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr NonZeroRandomMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random non-zero Matrix.

Creates a  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries, and at least one of them is non zero.

## Parameters

	<i>F</i>	field
	<i>m</i>	number of rows in A
	<i>n</i>	number of cols in A
out	<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
	<i>G</i>	a random iterator

## Returns

A.



**10.5.2.67 NonZeroRandomMatrix()** [2/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr NonZeroRandomMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda) [inline]
```

Random non-zero Matrix.

Creates a  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries, and at least one of them is non zero.

**Parameters**

	$F$	field
	$m$	number of rows in $A$
	$n$	number of cols in $A$
out	$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$

**Returns**

$A$ .

**10.5.2.68 RandomMatrix()** [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Matrix.

Creates a  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries.

**Parameters**

	$F$	field
	$m$	number of rows in $A$
	$n$	number of cols in $A$
out	$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
	$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
	$G$	a random iterator

**Returns**

$A$ .

**10.5.2.69 RandomMatrix()** [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda) [inline]
```

Random Matrix.

Creates a  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries.

**Parameters**

	$F$	field
	$m$	number of rows in A
	$n$	number of cols in A
out	$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
	$lda$	leading dimension of A

**Returns**

A.

**10.5.2.70 RandomTriangularMatrix()** [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomTriangularMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag,
    bool nonsingular,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Triangular Matrix.

Creates a  $m \times n$  triangular matrix with random entries. The `UpLo` parameter defines whether it is upper or lower triangular.

**Parameters**

	$F$	field
	$m$	number of rows in A
	$n$	number of cols in A
	$UpLo$	whether A is upper or lower triangular
out	$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$G$	a random iterator

**Returns**

A.

**10.5.2.71 RandomTriangularMatrix() [2/2]**

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomTriangularMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_UPLO UpLo,
    const FFLAS::FFLAS_DIAG Diag,
    bool nonsingular,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda) [inline]
```

Random Triangular Matrix.

Creates a  $m \times n$  triangular matrix with random entries. The `UpLo` parameter defines whether it is upper or lower triangular.

**Parameters**

	<i>F</i>	field
	<i>m</i>	number of rows in A
	<i>n</i>	number of cols in A
	<i>UpLo</i>	whether A is upper or lower triangular
out	<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

**Returns**

A.

**10.5.2.72 RandomSymmetricMatrix()**

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrix (
    const Field & F,
    size_t n,
    bool nonsingular,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Symmetric Matrix.

Creates a  $m \times n$  triangular matrix with random entries. The `UpLo` parameter defines whether it is upper or lower triangular.

**Parameters**

	<i>F</i>	field
	<i>n</i>	order of A
out	<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least $n \times lda$ field elements)
	<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
	<i>G</i>	a random iterator

**Returns**

A.

**10.5.2.73 RandomMatrixWithRank()** [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRank (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    size_t r,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed rank.

Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .

**Parameters**

$F$	field
$m$	number of rows in A
$n$	number of cols in A
$r$	rank of the matrix to build
$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
$lda$	leading dimension of A
$G$	a random iterator

**Returns**

A.

**10.5.2.74 RandomMatrixWithRank()** [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRank (
    const Field & F,
    size_t m,
    size_t n,
    size_t r,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed rank.

Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .

**Parameters**

	$F$	field
	$m$	number of rows in A
	$n$	number of cols in A
	$r$	rank of the matrix to build
out	$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
	$lda$	leading dimension of A

**Returns**

A.

**10.5.2.75 RandomIndexSubset()**

```
size_t * RandomIndexSubset (
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    size_t * P) [inline]
```

Pick uniformly at random a sequence of  $R$  distinct elements from the set  $\{0, \dots, N - 1\}$  using Knuth's shuffle.

**Parameters**

	$N$	the cardinality of the sampling set
	$R$	the number of elements to sample
out	$P$	the output sequence (pre-allocated to at least $R$ indices)

**10.5.2.76 RandomPermutation()**

```
size_t * RandomPermutation (
    size_t N,
    size_t * P) [inline]
```

Pick uniformly at random a permutation of size  $N$  stored in LAPACK format using Knuth's shuffle.

**Parameters**

	$N$	the length of the permutation
out	$P$	the output permutation (pre-allocated to at least $N$ indices)

**10.5.2.77 RandomRankProfileMatrix()**

```
void RandomRankProfileMatrix (
    size_t M,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    size_t * rows,
    size_t * cols) [inline]
```

Pick uniformly at random an  $R$ -subpermutation of dimension  $M \times N$  : a matrix with only  $R$  non-zeros equal to one, in a random rook placement.

**Parameters**

	$M$	row dimension
	$N$	column dimension
out	<i>rows</i>	the row position of each non zero element (pre-allocated)
out	<i>cols</i>	the column position of each non zero element (pre-allocated)

### 10.5.2.78 RandomSymmetricRankProfileMatrix()

```
void RandomSymmetricRankProfileMatrix (
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    size_t * rows,
    size_t * cols) [inline]
```

Pick uniformly at random a symmetric R-subpermutation of dimension  $N \times N$  : a symmetric matrix with only R non-zeros, all equal to one, in a random rook placement.

#### Parameters

	$N$	matrix order
out	<i>rows</i>	the row position of each non zero element (pre-allocated)
out	<i>cols</i>	the column position of each non zero element (pre-allocated)

### 10.5.2.79 RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM() [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM (
    const Field & F,
    size_t M,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    const size_t * RRP,
    const size_t * CRP,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .

#### Parameters

$F$	field
$m$	number of rows in $A$
$n$	number of cols in $A$
$r$	rank of the matrix to build
$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
$RRP$	the R dimensional array with row positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots
$CRP$	the R dimensional array with column positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots
$G$	a random iterator

#### Returns

$A$ .

**10.5.2.80 RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM()** [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM (
    const Field & F,
    size_t M,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    const size_t * RRP,
    const size_t * CRP) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .

**Parameters**

<i>F</i>	field
<i>m</i>	number of rows in A
<i>n</i>	number of cols in A
<i>r</i>	rank of the matrix to build
<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A
<i>RRP</i>	the R dimensional array with row positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots
<i>CRP</i>	the R dimensional array with column positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots

**Returns**

A.

**10.5.2.81 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM()** [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM (
    const Field & F,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    const size_t * RRP,
    const size_t * CRP,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an  $n \times n$  symmetric matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .

**Parameters**

<i>F</i>	field
<i>n</i>	order of A
<i>r</i>	rank of A
<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least $n \times lda$ field elements)

<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of <i>A</i>
<i>RRP</i>	the <i>R</i> dimensional array with row positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots
<i>CRP</i>	the <i>R</i> dimensional array with column positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots
<i>G</i>	a random iterator

**Returns**

*A*.

**10.5.2.82 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM() [2/2]**

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM (
    const Field & F,
    size_t M,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    const size_t * RRP,
    const size_t * CRP) [inline]
```

Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank and rank profile matrix Creates an *n* x *n* symmetric matrix with random entries and rank *r*.

**Parameters**

<i>F</i>	field
<i>n</i>	order of <i>A</i>
<i>r</i>	rank of <i>A</i>
<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least <i>n</i> x <i>lda</i> field elements)
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of <i>A</i>
<i>RRP</i>	the <i>R</i> dimensional array with row positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots
<i>CRP</i>	the <i>R</i> dimensional array with column positions of the rank profile matrix' pivots

**Returns**

*A*.

**10.5.2.83 RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM() [1/2]**

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (
    const Field & F,
    size_t M,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an *m* x *n* matrix with random entries, rank *r* and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.



## Parameters

<i>F</i>	field
<i>m</i>	number of rows in $\bar{A}$
<i>n</i>	number of cols in $\bar{A}$
<i>r</i>	rank of the matrix to build
<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of $\bar{A}$
<i>G</i>	a random iterator

## Returns

$\bar{A}$ .

**10.5.2.84 RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM()** [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (
    const Field & F,
    size_t M,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries, rank  $r$  and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	field
<i>m</i>	number of rows in $\bar{A}$
<i>n</i>	number of cols in $\bar{A}$
<i>r</i>	rank of the matrix to build
<i>A</i>	the matrix (preallocated to at least $m \times lda$ field elements)
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of $\bar{A}$

## Returns

$\bar{A}$ .

**10.5.2.85 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM()** [1/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (
    const Field & F,
    size_t N,
    size_t R,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an  $n \times n$  matrix with random entries, rank  $r$  and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.

## Parameters

$F$	field
$n$	order of $A$
$r$	rank of $A$
$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $n \times lda$ field elements)
$lda$	leading dimension of $A$
$G$	a random iterator

## Returns

$A$ .

### 10.5.2.86 RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM() [2/2]

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM (
    const Field &  $F$ ,
    size_t  $N$ ,
    size_t  $R$ ,
    typename Field::Element_ptr  $A$ ,
    size_t  $lda$ ) [inline]
```

Random Symmetric Matrix with prescribed rank, with random rank profile matrix Creates an  $n \times n$  matrix with random entries, rank  $r$  and with a rank profile matrix chosen uniformly at random.

## Parameters

$F$	field
$n$	order of $A$
$r$	rank of $A$
$A$	the matrix (preallocated to at least $n \times lda$ field elements)
$lda$	leading dimension of $A$

## Returns

$A$ .

### 10.5.2.87 RandomMatrixWithDet() [1/2]

```
template<class Field>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithDet (
    const Field &  $F$ ,
    size_t  $n$ ,
    const typename Field::Element  $d$ ,
    typename Field::Element_ptr  $A$ ,
    size_t  $lda$ ) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed det.

Creates a  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	field
<i>d</i>	the prescribed value for the determinant of A
<i>n</i>	number of cols in A
<i>A</i>	the matrix to be generated (preallocated to at least $n \times lda$ field elements)
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

## Returns

A.

## 10.5.2.88 RandomMatrixWithDet() [2/2]

```
template<class Field, class RandIter>
Field::Element_ptr RandomMatrixWithDet (
    const Field & F,
    size_t n,
    const typename Field::Element d,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    size_t lda,
    RandIter & G) [inline]
```

Random Matrix with prescribed det.

Creates a  $m \times n$  matrix with random entries and rank  $r$ .

## Parameters

<i>F</i>	field
<i>d</i>	the prescribed value for the determinant of A
<i>n</i>	number of cols in A
<i>A</i>	the matrix to be generated (preallocated to at least $n \times lda$ field elements)
<i>lda</i>	leading dimension of A

## Returns

A.



# Chapter 11

## Data Structure Documentation

### 11.1 ArbitraryPrecIntTag Struct Reference

Arbitrary precision integers: GMP.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

#### 11.1.1 Detailed Description

Arbitrary precision integers: GMP.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

### 11.2 `array< T >` Class Template Reference

STL class.

#### Data Structures

- class [const\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [const\\_reverse\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [reverse\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*

## Data Fields

- **T elements**

*STL member.*

### 11.2.1 Detailed Description

STL class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.3 `array< T >::const_iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.3.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.4 `string::const_iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.4.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.5 `vector< T >::const_iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.5.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.6 array< T >::const\_reverse\_iterator Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.6.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.7 string::const\_reverse\_iterator Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.7.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.8 vector< T >::const\_reverse\_iterator Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.8.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.9 ConvertTo< T > Struct Template Reference

Force conversion to appropriate element type of ElementCategory T.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T>
struct FFLAS::ModeCategories::ConvertTo< T >
```

Force conversion to appropriate element type of ElementCategory T.

e.g.

- [ConvertTo<ElementCategories::MachineFloatTag>](#) tries conversion of Modular<int> to Modular<double>
- [ConvertTo<ElementCategories::FixedPrecIntTag>](#) tries conversion of Modular<Integer> to Modular<RecInt<K>>
- [ConvertTo<ElementCategories::ArbitraryPrecIntTag>](#) tries conversion of Modular<Integer> to RNSInteger

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.10 DefaultBoundedTag Struct Reference

Use standard field operations, but keeps track of bounds on input and output.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.10.1 Detailed Description

Use standard field operations, but keeps track of bounds on input and output.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.11 DefaultTag Struct Reference

No specific mode of action: use standard field operations.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.11.1 Detailed Description

No specific mode of action: use standard field operations.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)



## 11.12 DelayedTag Struct Reference

Performs field operations with delayed mod reductions. Ensures result is reduced.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.12.1 Detailed Description

Performs field operations with delayed mod reductions. Ensures result is reduced.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.13 ElementTraits< Element > Struct Template Reference

[ElementTraits](#).

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.13.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class Element>
struct FFLAS::ElementTraits< Element >
```

[ElementTraits](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.14 Failure Class Reference

A precondition failed.

```
#include <debug.h>
```

### 11.14.1 Detailed Description

A precondition failed.

The `throw` mechanism is usually used here as in

```
if (!check)
failure()(__func__,__LINE__,"this check just failed");
```

The parameters of the constructor help debugging.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [debug.h](#)

## 11.15 FieldTraits< Field > Struct Template Reference

FieldTrait.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.15.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class Field>
struct FFLAS::FieldTraits< Field >
```

FieldTrait.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.16 FixedPrecIntTag Struct Reference

Fixed precision integers above machine precision: Givaro::reclnt.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.16.1 Detailed Description

Fixed precision integers above machine precision: Givaro::reclnt.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.17 ftrsmLeftUpperNoTransNonUnit< Element > Class Template Reference

Computes the maximal size for delaying the modular reduction in a triangular system resolution.

### 11.17.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class Element>
class FFLAS::Protected::ftrsmLeftUpperNoTransNonUnit< Element >
```

Computes the maximal size for delaying the modular reduction in a triangular system resolution.

Compute the maximal dimension  $k$ , such that a unit diagonal triangular system of dimension  $k$  can be solved over  $\mathbb{Z}$  without overflow of the underlying floating point representation.

**Bibliography** • Dumas, Giorgi, Pernet 06, arXiv:cs/0601133.

## Parameters

$F$	Finite Field/Ring of the computation
-----	--------------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `fflas_level3.inl`

## 11.18 GenericTag Struct Reference

default is generic

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.18.1 Detailed Description

default is generic

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.19 GenericTag Struct Reference

generic ring.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.19.1 Detailed Description

generic ring.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.20 `array< T >::iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.20.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.21 `string::iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.21.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.22 `vector< T >::iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.22.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.23 `LazyTag Struct` Reference

Performs field operations with delayed mod only when necessary. Result may not be reduced.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.23.1 Detailed Description

Performs field operations with delayed mod only when necessary. Result may not be reduced.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.24 MachineFloatTag Struct Reference

float or double

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.24.1 Detailed Description

float or double

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.25 MachineIntTag Struct Reference

short, int, long, long long, and unsigned variants

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.25.1 Detailed Description

short, int, long, long long, and unsigned variants

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.26 ModeTraits< Field > Struct Template Reference

[ModeTraits.](#)

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.26.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class Field>  
struct FFLAS::ModeTraits< Field >
```

[ModeTraits.](#)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.27 ModularTag Struct Reference

This is a modular field like e.g. `Modular<T>` or `ModularBalanced<T>`

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.27.1 Detailed Description

This is a modular field like e.g. `Modular<T>` or `ModularBalanced<T>`

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.28 `array< T >::reverse_iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.28.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.29 `string::reverse_iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.29.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.30 `vector< T >::reverse_iterator` Class Reference

STL iterator class.

### 11.30.1 Detailed Description

STL iterator class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.31 RNSElementTag Struct Reference

Representation in a Residue Number System.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.31.1 Detailed Description

Representation in a Residue Number System.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.32 string Class Reference

STL class.

### Data Structures

- class [const\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [const\\_reverse\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [reverse\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*

### 11.32.1 Detailed Description

STL class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

## 11.33 TRSMHelper< ReclterTrait, ParSeqTrait > Struct Template Reference

TRSM Helper.

### 11.33.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename ReclterTrait = StructureHelper::Recursive, typename ParSeqTrait = ParSeqHelper::↔
Sequential>
struct FFLAS::TRSMHelper< ReclterTrait, ParSeqTrait >
```

TRSM Helper.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [fflas\\_helpers.inl](#)

## 11.34 UnparametricTag Struct Reference

If the field uses a representation with infix operators.

```
#include <field-traits.h>
```

### 11.34.1 Detailed Description

If the field uses a representation with infix operators.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [field-traits.h](#)

## 11.35 `vector< T >` Class Template Reference

STL class.

### Data Structures

- class [const\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [const\\_reverse\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*
- class [reverse\\_iterator](#)  
*STL iterator class.*

### Data Fields

- **T elements**  
*STL member.*

### 11.35.1 Detailed Description

STL class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:



# Chapter 12

## File Documentation

### 12.1 fflas-ffpack-config.h File Reference

Defaults for optimised values.

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/config.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-thresholds.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-default-thresholds.h"
#include "givaro/givconfig.h"
```

#### 12.1.1 Detailed Description

Defaults for optimised values.

While `fflas-ffpack-optimize.h` is created by `configure` script, (either left blank or filled by optimiser), this file produces the defaults for the optimised values. If `fflas-ffpack-optimize.h` is not empty, then its values preceeds the defaults here.

### 12.2 fflas-ffpack.h File Reference

Includes FFLAS and [FFPACK](#).

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-config.h"
#include "fflas/fflas.h"
#include "ffpack/ffpack.h"
```

#### 12.2.1 Detailed Description

Includes FFLAS and [FFPACK](#).

## 12.3 fflas.h File Reference

### Finite Field Linear Algebra Subroutines

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-config.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/config.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/config-blas.h"
#include <cmath>
#include <cstring>
#include <float.h>
#include <algorithm>
#include "fflas_enum.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/fflas_memory.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/paladin/parallel.h"
#include "fflas_level1.inl"
#include "fflas_level2.inl"
#include "fflas_level3.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/checkers/checkers_fflas.h"
#include "fflas_freduce.h"
#include "fflas_fadd.h"
#include "fflas_fscal.h"
#include "fflas_fassign.h"
#include "fflas_fgemm.inl"
#include "fflas_pfgemm.inl"
#include "fflas_fgemv.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/paladin/pfgemv.inl"
#include "fflas_freivalds.inl"
#include "fflas_fger.inl"
#include "fflas_fsyrk.inl"
#include "fflas_fsyrk_strassen.inl"
#include "fflas_fsyr2k.inl"
#include "fflas_ftrsm.inl"
#include "fflas_pftrsm.inl"
#include "fflas_ftrmm.inl"
#include "fflas_ftrsv.inl"
#include "fflas_faxpy.inl"
#include "fflas_fdot.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns.h"
#include "fflas_fscal_mp.inl"
#include "fflas_freduce_mp.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_fger_mp.inl"
#include "fflas_fgemm/fgemm_classical_mp.inl"
#include "fflas_ftrsm_mp.inl"
#include "fflas_fgemv_mp.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/paladin/fflas_plevel1.h"
#include "fflas_sparse.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/checkers/checkers_fflas.inl"
```

### Macros

- `#define DOUBLE\_TO\_FLOAT\_CROSSOVER 800`

*Thresholds determining which floating point representation to use, depending on the cardinality of the finite field.*

### 12.3.1 Detailed Description

Finite Field Linear Algebra Subroutines

Author

Clément Pernet.

### 12.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 12.3.2.1 DOUBLE\_TO\_FLOAT\_CROSSOVER

```
#define DOUBLE_TO_FLOAT_CROSSOVER 800
```

Thresholds determining which floating point representation to use, depending on the cardinality of the finite field.

This is only used when the element representation is not a floating point type.

**Bug** to be benchmarked.

## 12.4 fgemm\_classical\_mp.inl File Reference

matrix multiplication with multiprecision input (either over  $\mathbb{Z}$  or over  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ )

```
#include <givaro/modular-integer.h>
#include <givaro/zring.h>
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-double.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-integer.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-integer-mod.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/field-traits.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_helpers.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_bounds.inl"
```

### 12.4.1 Detailed Description

matrix multiplication with multiprecision input (either over  $\mathbb{Z}$  or over  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ )

## 12.5 schedule\_bini.inl File Reference

Bini implementation.

### 12.5.1 Detailed Description

Bini implementation.

## 12.6 fflas\_ftrsm\_mp.inl File Reference

triangular system with matrix right hand side over multiprecision domain (either over  $\mathbb{Z}$  or over  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ )

```
#include <cmath>
#include <givaro/modular-integer.h>
#include <givaro/givinteger.h>
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_bounds.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_level3.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-integer-mod.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-integer.h"
```

### 12.6.1 Detailed Description

triangular system with matrix right hand side over multiprecision domain (either over  $\mathbb{Z}$  or over  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ )

## 12.7 fflas\_sparse.h File Reference

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-config.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/config.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/config-blas.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/paladin/parallel.h"
#include <recint/recint.h>
#include <givaro/udl.h>
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/field-traits.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_bounds.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/fflas_memory.h"
#include <type_traits>
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/sparse_matrix_traits.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/utils.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/csr.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/coo.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/ell.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/sell.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/csr_hyb.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/ell_simd.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/hyb_zo.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_sparse/read_sparse.h"
```

## 12.8 fflas\_sparse.inl File Reference

## 12.9 read\_sparse.h File Reference

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-config.h"
#include <fstream>
```

```
#include <string>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iterator>
```

## 12.10 fflas\_transpose.h File Reference

transpose the storage of the matrix (switch between row and col major mode)

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/debug.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/fflas_memory.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_simd.h"
```

### 12.10.1 Detailed Description

transpose the storage of the matrix (switch between row and col major mode)

## 12.11 ffpack.h File Reference

Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.

```
#include "givaro/givpoly1.h"
#include <fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-config.h>
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_helpers.inl"
#include <list>
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include "fflas-ffpack/checkers/checkers_ffpack.h"
#include "ffpack_fgesv.inl"
#include "ffpack_fgetrs.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/checkers/checkers_ffpack.inl"
#include "ffpack_pluq.inl"
#include "ffpack_pluq_mp.inl"
#include "ffpack_ppluq.inl"
#include "ffpack_ludivine.inl"
#include "ffpack_ludivine_mp.inl"
#include "ffpack_echelonforms.inl"
#include "ffpack_fsytrf.inl"
#include "ffpack_invert.inl"
#include "ffpack_ftrtr.inl"
#include "ffpack_ftrstr.inl"
#include "ffpack_ftrssyr2k.inl"
#include "ffpack_charpoly_kglu.inl"
#include "ffpack_charpoly_kgfast.inl"
#include "ffpack_charpoly_kgfastgeneralized.inl"
#include "ffpack_charpoly_danilevski.inl"
#include "ffpack_charpoly.inl"
```

```
#include "ffpack_frobenius.inl"
#include "ffpack_minpoly.inl"
#include "ffpack_krylovelim.inl"
#include "ffpack_permutation.inl"
#include "ffpack_rankprofiles.inl"
#include "ffpack_det_mp.inl"
#include "ffpack_bruhatgen.inl"
#include "ffpack.inl"
```

## Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)  
*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

## Functions

- void **LAPACKPerm2MathPerm** (size\_t \*MathP, const size\_t \*LapackP, const size\_t N)  
*Conversion of a permutation from LAPACK format to Math format.*
- void **MathPerm2LAPACKPerm** (size\_t \*LapackP, const size\_t \*MathP, const size\_t N)  
*Conversion of a permutation from Maths format to LAPACK format.*
- template<class Field>  
void [applyP](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_TRANSPOSE Trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t ibeg, const size\_t iend, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P)  
*Computes  $P1 \times \text{Diag}(I_R, P2)$  where  $P1$  is a LAPACK and  $P2$  a LAPACK permutation and store the result in  $P1$  as a LAPACK permutation.*
- template<class Field>  
void [MonotonicApplyP](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_TRANSPOSE Trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t ibeg, const size\_t iend, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t R)  
*Apply a  $R$ -monotonically increasing permutation  $P$ , to the matrix  $A$ .*
- template<class Field>  
void [fgetrs](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Solve the system  $AX = B$  or  $XA = B$ .*
- template<class Field>  
Field::Element\_ptr [fgetrs](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t NRHS, const size\_t R, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t idx, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Solve the system  $AX = B$  or  $XA = B$ .*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t [fgesv](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Square system solver.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t [fgesv](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t NRHS, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t idx, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, int \*info)  
*Rectangular system solver.*

- template<class Field>  
void **frtri** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t threshold=\_\_FFLASFFPACK\_FTRTRI\_THRESHOLD)  
*Compute the inverse of a triangular matrix.*
- template<class Field>  
void **frtrm** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda)  
*Compute the product of two triangular matrices of opposite shape.*
- template<class Field>  
void **frstr** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE side, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diagA, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diagB, const size\_t N, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, const size\_t threshold=64)  
*Solve a triangular system with a triangular right hand side of the same shape.*
- template<class Field>  
void **frssyr2k** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diagA, const size\_t N, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, const size\_t ldb, const size\_t threshold=64)  
*Solve a triangular system in a symmetric sum: find B upper/lower triangular such that  $A^T B + B^T A = C$  where C is symmetric.*
- template<class Field>  
bool **fsytrf** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO UpLo, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const size\_t threshold=\_\_FFLASFFPACK\_FSYTRF\_THRESHOLD)  
*Triangular factorization of symmetric matrices.*
- template<class Field>  
bool **fsytrf\_nonunit** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO UpLo, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr D, const size\_t incD, const size\_t threshold=\_\_FFLASFFPACK\_FSYTRF\_THRESHOLD)  
*Triangular factorization of symmetric matrices.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t **PLUQ** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Q)  
*Compute a PLUQ factorization of the given matrix.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t **LUdivine** (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG Diag, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_TRANSPOSE trans, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Qt, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive, const size\_t cutoff=\_\_FFLASFFPACK\_LUDIVINE\_THRESHOLD)  
*Compute the CUP or PLE factorization of the given matrix.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t **ColumnEchelonForm** (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Qt, bool transform=false, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive)  
*Compute the Column Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t **RowEchelonForm** (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Qt, const bool transform=false, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive)  
*Compute the Row Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t **ReducedColumnEchelonForm** (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Qt, const bool transform=false, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FpackSlabRecursive)  
*Compute the Reduced Column Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ReducedRowEchelonForm (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t *P, size_t *Qt, const bool transform=false, const FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)`  
*Compute the Reduced Row Echelon form of the input matrix in-place.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t GaussJordan (const Field &F, const size_t M, const size_t N, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, const size_t colbeg, const size_t rowbeg, const size_t colsize, size_t *P, size_t *Q, const FFPACK::FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag)`  
*Gauss-Jordan algorithm computing the Reduced Row echelon form and its transform matrix.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Invert (const Field &F, const size_t M, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, int &>nullity)`  
*Invert the given matrix in place or computes its nullity if it is singular.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Invert (const Field &F, const size_t M, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename Field::Element_ptr X, const size_t ldx, int &>nullity)`  
*Invert the given matrix or computes its nullity if it is singular.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Invert2 (const Field &F, const size_t M, typename Field::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename Field::Element_ptr X, const size_t ldx, int &>nullity)`  
*Invert the given matrix or computes its nullity if it is singular.*
- `template<class PolRing>`  
`std::list< typename PolRing::Element > & CharPoly (const PolRing &R, std::list< typename PolRing::Element > &charp, const size_t N, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename PolRing::Domain_t::RandIter &G, const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag=FFpackAuto, const size_t degree=__FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD)`  
*Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class PolRing>`  
`PolRing::Element & CharPoly (const PolRing &R, typename PolRing::Element &charp, const size_t N, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename PolRing::Domain_t::RandIter &G, const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag=FFpackAuto, const size_t degree=__FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD)`  
*Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class PolRing>`  
`PolRing::Element & CharPoly (const PolRing &R, typename PolRing::Element &charp, const size_t N, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, const FFPACK_CHARPOLY_TAG CharpTag=FFpackAuto, const size_t degree=__FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD)`  
*Compute the characteristic polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class PolRing>`  
`void RandomKrylovPrecond (const PolRing &PR, std::list< typename PolRing::Element > &completedFactors, const size_t N, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A, const size_t lda, size_t &Nb, typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr &B, size_t &ldb, typename PolRing::Domain_t::RandIter &g, const size_t degree=__FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD)`
- `template<class Field, class Polynomial>`  
`Polynomial & MinPoly (const Field &F, Polynomial &minP, const size_t N, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t lda)`  
*Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class Field, class Polynomial, class RandIter>`  
`Polynomial & MinPoly (const Field &F, Polynomial &minP, const size_t N, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t lda, RandIter &G)`  
*Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix A.*
- `template<class Field, class Polynomial>`  
`Polynomial & MatVecMinPoly (const Field &F, Polynomial &minP, const size_t N, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr A, const size_t lda, typename Field::ConstElement_ptr v, const size_t incv)`



Compute the minimal polynomial of the matrix  $A$  and a vector  $v$ , namely the first linear dependency relation in the Krylov basis  $(v, Av, \dots, A^N v)$ .

- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t Rank` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida)  
*Computes the rank of the given matrix using a PLUQ factorization.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`bool IsSingular` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida)  
*Returns true if the given matrix is singular.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element & Det` (const Field &F, typename Field::Element &det, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, size\_t \*P=NULL, size\_t \*Q=NULL)  
*Returns the determinant of the given square matrix.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`Field::Element_ptr Solve` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, typename Field::Element\_ptr x, const int incx, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr b, const int incb)  
*Solves a linear system  $AX = b$  using PLUQ factorization.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`*void RandomNullSpaceVector` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t incX)  
*Solve  $LX = B$  or  $XL = B$  in place.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t NullSpaceBasis` (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_SIDE Side, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, typename Field::Element\_ptr &NS, size\_t &Idn, size\_t &NSdim)  
*Computes a basis of the Left/Right nullspace of the matrix  $A$ .*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t RowRankProfile` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, size\_t \*rkprofile, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Computes the row rank profile of  $A$ .*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ColumnRankProfile` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, size\_t \*rkprofile, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Computes the column rank profile of  $A$ .*
- `void RankProfileFromLU` (const size\_t \*P, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, size\_t \*rkprofile, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag)  
*Recovers the column/row rank profile from the permutation of an LU decomposition.*
- `size_t LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles` (const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t LSm, const size\_t LSn, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, size\_t \*RRP, size\_t \*CRP)  
*Recovers the row and column rank profiles of any leading submatrix from the PLUQ decomposition.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, size\_t \*rowindices, size\_t \*colindices, size\_t &R)  
*RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices.*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ColRankProfileSubmatrixIndices` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, size\_t \*rowindices, size\_t \*colindices, size\_t &R)  
*Computes the indices of the submatrix  $r \times r$   $X$  of  $A$  whose columns correspond to the column rank profile of  $A$ .*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t RowRankProfileSubmatrix` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, typename Field::Element\_ptr &X, size\_t &R)  
*Computes the  $r \times r$  submatrix  $X$  of  $A$ , by picking the row rank profile rows of  $A$ .*
- `template<class Field>`  
`size_t ColRankProfileSubmatrix` (const Field &F, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t Ida, typename Field::Element\_ptr &X, size\_t &R)

Compute the  $r \times r$  submatrix  $X$  of  $A$ , by picking the row rank profile rows of  $A$ .

- template<class Field>  
void [getTriangular](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors=false)  
*Extracts a triangular matrix from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$ .*
- template<class Field>  
void [getTriangular](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda)  
*Cleans up a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  to reveal a triangular matrix of rank  $R$ .*
- template<class Field>  
void [getEchelonForm](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors=false, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a matrix in echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.*
- template<class Field>  
void [getEchelonForm](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Cleans up a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm to reveal an echelon form of rank  $R$ .*
- template<class Field>  
void [getEchelonTransform](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a transformation matrix to echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.*
- template<class Field>  
void [getReducedEchelonForm](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const bool OnlyNonZeroVectors=false, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a matrix in echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by ReducedRowEchelonForm or ReducedColumnEchelonForm with transform = true.*
- template<class Field>  
void [getReducedEchelonForm](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Cleans up a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by ReducedRowEchelonForm or ReducedColumnEchelonForm with transform = true.*
- template<class Field>  
void [getReducedEchelonTransform](#) (const Field &F, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const size\_t M, const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt, const FFPACK\_LU\_TAG LuTag=FFpackSlabRecursive)  
*Extracts a transformation matrix to echelon form from a compact storage  $A=L\backslash U$  of rank  $R$  obtained by RowEchelonForm or ColumnEchelonForm.*
- void **PLUQtoEchelonPermutation** (const size\_t N, const size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, size\_t \*outPerm)  
*Auxiliary routine: determines the permutation that changes a PLUQ decomposition into a echelon form revealing PLUQ decomposition.*
- template<class Field>  
size\_t [LTBruhatGen](#) (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t N, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, size\_t \*P, size\_t \*Q)

*LTBruhatGen* Suppose  $A$  is Left Triangular Matrix This procedure computes the Bruhat Representation of  $A$  and return the rank of  $A$ .

- template<class Field>

void [getLTBruhatGen](#) (const Field &Fi, const size\_t N, const size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr R, const size\_t ldr)

*GetLTBruhatGen* This procedure Computes the Rank Revealing Matrix based on the Bruhta representation of a Matrix.

- template<class Field>

void [getLTBruhatGen](#) (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_DIAG diag, const size\_t N, const size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::ConstElement\_ptr A, const size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr T, const size\_t ldt)

*GetLTBruhatGen* This procedure computes the matrix  $L$  or  $U$  f the Bruhat Representation Suppose that  $A$  is the bruhat representation of a matrix.

- size\_t [LTQSorder](#) (const size\_t N, const size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q)

*LTQSorder* This procedure computes the order of quasiseparability of a matrix.

- template<class Field>

size\_t [CompressToBlockBiDiagonal](#) (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, size\_t ldx, size\_t \*K, size\_t \*M, size\_t \*T)

*CompressToBlockBiDiagonal* This procedure compress a compact representation of a row echelon form or column echelon form.

- template<class Field>

void [ExpandBlockBiDiagonalToBruhat](#) (const Field &Fi, const FFLAS::FFLAS\_UPLO Uplo, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, typename Field::Element\_ptr A, size\_t lda, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, size\_t ldx, size\_t NbBlocks, size\_t \*K, size\_t \*M, size\_t \*T)

*ExpandBlockBiDiagonal* This procedure expand a compact representation of a row echelon form or column echelon form.

- void [Bruhat2EchelonPermutation](#) (size\_t N, size\_t R, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, size\_t \*M)

*Bruhat2EchelonPermutation* ( $N, R, P, Q$ ) Compute  $M$  such that  $LM$  or  $MU$  is in echelon form where  $L$  or  $U$  are factors of the Bruhat Rpresentation.

- template<class Field>

void [productBruhatxTS](#) (const Field &Fi, size\_t N, size\_t s, size\_t r, const size\_t \*P, const size\_t \*Q, const typename Field::Element\_ptr Xu, size\_t ldu, size\_t NbBlocksU, size\_t \*Ku, size\_t \*Tu, size\_t \*MU, const typename Field::Element\_ptr Xl, size\_t ldl, size\_t NbBlocksL, size\_t \*Kl, size\_t \*Tl, size\_t \*ML, typename Field::Element\_ptr B, size\_t t, size\_t ldb, typename Field::Element\_ptr C, size\_t ldc)

*productBruhatxTS* Compute the product between the CRE compact representation of a matrix  $A$  and  $B$  a tall matrix

- template<class Field>

Field::Element\_ptr [LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor](#) (const Field &F, const size\_t rank, typename Field::Element\_ptr A\_factors, const size\_t lda, const size\_t \*QtPointer, typename Field::Element\_ptr X, const size\_t ldx)

*LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor*.

### 12.11.1 Detailed Description

Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.

Matrices are supposed over finite prime field of characteristic less than  $2^{26}$ .

## 12.11.2 Function Documentation

### 12.11.2.1 GaussJordan()

```
template<class Field>
size_t GaussJordan (
    const Field & F,
    const size_t M,
    const size_t N,
    typename Field::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    const size_t colbeg,
    const size_t rowbeg,
    const size_t colsize,
    size_t * P,
    size_t * Q,
    const FFPACK::FFPACK_LU_TAG LuTag) [inline]
```

Gauss-Jordan algorithm computing the Reduced Row echelon form and its transform matrix.

- Bibliography**
- Algorithm 2.8 of A. Storjohann Thesis 2000,
  - Algorithm 11 of Jeannerod C-P., Pernet, C. and Storjohann, A. *Rank-profile revealing Gaussian elimination and the CUP matrix decomposition*, J. of Symbolic Comp., 2013

#### Parameters

	$M$	row dimension of A
	$N$	column dimension of A
in, out	$A$	an m x n matrix
	$lda$	leading dimension of A
	$P$	row permutation
	$Q$	column permutation
	$LuTag$	set the base case to a Tile (FfpackGaussJordanTile) or Slab (FfpackGaussJordanSlab) recursive RedEchelon

where the transformation matrix is stored at the pivot column position

### 12.11.2.2 RandomKrylovPrecond()

```
template<class PolRing>
void RandomKrylovPrecond (
    const PolRing & PR,
    std::list< typename PolRing::Element > & completedFactors,
    const size_t N,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr A,
    const size_t lda,
    size_t & Nb,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::Element_ptr & B,
    size_t & ldb,
    typename PolRing::Domain_t::RandIter & g,
    const size_t degree = __FFLASFFPACK_ARITHPROG_THRESHOLD) [inline]
```

**Todo** swap to save space ??

**Todo**

**Todo** don't assing K2 c\*noc x N but only mas (c,noc) x N and store each one after the other

## 12.12 field-traits.h File Reference

Field Traits.

```
#include <type_traits>
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-double-elt.h"
#include "recint/rmint.h"
#include "givaro/modular-general.h"
#include "givaro/zring.h"
```

### Data Structures

- struct [GenericTag](#)  
*generic ring.*
- struct [ModularTag](#)  
*This is a modular field like e.g. `Modular<T>` or `ModularBalanced<T>`*
- struct [UnparametricTag](#)  
*If the field uses a representation with infix operators.*
- struct [DefaultTag](#)  
*No specific mode of action: use standard field operations.*
- struct [DefaultBoundedTag](#)  
*Use standard field operations, but keeps track of bounds on input and output.*
- struct [ConvertTo< T >](#)  
*Force conversion to appropriate element type of `ElementCategory T`.*
- struct [DelayedTag](#)  
*Performs field operations with delayed mod reductions. Ensures result is reduced.*
- struct [LazyTag](#)  
*Performs field operations with delayed mod only when necessary. Result may not be reduced.*
- struct [GenericTag](#)  
*default is generic*
- struct [MachineFloatTag](#)  
*float or double*
- struct [MachineIntTag](#)  
*short, int, long, long long, and unsigned variants*
- struct [FixedPrecIntTag](#)  
*Fixed precision integers above machine precision: `Givaro::reclnt`.*
- struct [ArbitraryPrecIntTag](#)  
*Arbitrary precision integers: `GMP`.*
- struct [RNSElementTag](#)  
*Representation in a Residue Number System.*
- struct [ElementTraits< Element >](#)  
*`ElementTraits`.*
- struct [ModeTraits< Field >](#)  
*`ModeTraits`.*
- struct [FieldTraits< Field >](#)  
*`FieldTrait`.*

### Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)  
*Finite **F**ield **P**ACK Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*
- namespace [FFLAS::FieldCategories](#)  
*Traits and categories will need to be placed in a proper file later.*
- namespace [FFLAS::ModeCategories](#)  
*Specifies the mode of action for an algorithm w.r.t.*

### 12.12.1 Detailed Description

Field Traits.

## 12.13 rns-double-elt.h File Reference

rns elt structure with double support

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/fflas_memory.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/cast.h"
```

### Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)

*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

### 12.13.1 Detailed Description

rns elt structure with double support

## 12.14 rns-double.h File Reference

rns structure with double support

```
#include <iterator>
#include <vector>
#include <givaro/modular-floating.h>
#include <givaro/givinteger.h>
#include <givaro/givintprime.h>
#include "givaro/modular-extended.h"
#include <recint/ruint.h>
#include "fflas-ffpack/config-blas.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/fflas_memory.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/utils/align-allocator.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-double-elt.h"
#include "rns-double.inl"
#include "rns-double-recint.inl"
```

### Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)

*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

### 12.14.1 Detailed Description

rns structure with double support

## 12.15 rns-integer-mod.h File Reference

representation of  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$  using RNS representation (note: fixed precision)

```
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
#include <recint/recint.h>
#include <givaro/modular-integer.h>
#include <givaro/givinteger.h>
#include <givaro/udl.h>
```

```
#include "givaro/modular-extended.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-double.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-integer.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_level1.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_level2.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_level3.inl"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_enum.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas_fscal_mp.inl"
```

## Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)

*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

### 12.15.1 Detailed Description

representation of  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$  using RNS representation (note: fixed precision)

## 12.16 rns-integer.h File Reference

representation of  $\mathbb{Z}$  using RNS representation (note: fixed precision)

```
#include <givaro/givinteger.h>
#include "fflas-ffpack/field/rns-double.h"
```

## Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)

*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

### 12.16.1 Detailed Description

representation of  $\mathbb{Z}$  using RNS representation (note: fixed precision)

## 12.17 rns.h File Reference

## Namespaces

- namespace [FFPACK](#)

*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

## 12.18 fflas\_lvl1.C File Reference

C functions calls for level 1 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/interfaces/libs/fflas_c.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas.h"
#include "givaro//modular-balanced.h"
#include "givaro//modular.h"
```

### 12.18.1 Detailed Description

C functions calls for level 1 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.

**Author**

Brice Boyer

**See also**

fflas/fflas\_level1.inl

## 12.19 fflas\_lvl2.C File Reference

C functions calls for level 2 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/interfaces/libs/fflas_c.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas.h"
#include "givaro/modular-balanced.h"
#include "givaro/modular.h"
```

### 12.19.1 Detailed Description

C functions calls for level 2 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.

**Author**

Brice Boyer

**See also**

fflas/fflas\_level2.inl

## 12.20 fflas\_lvl3.C File Reference

C functions calls for level 3 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/interfaces/libs/fflas_c.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas.h"
#include "givaro/modular-balanced.h"
#include "givaro/modular.h"
```

### 12.20.1 Detailed Description

C functions calls for level 3 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.

**Author**

Brice Boyer

**See also**

fflas/fflas\_level3.inl

## 12.21 fflas\_sparse.C File Reference

C functions calls for level 1.5 and 2.5 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.

### 12.21.1 Detailed Description

C functions calls for level 1.5 and 2.5 FFLAS in fflas-c.h.



**Author**

Brice Boyer

**See also**

[fflas/fflas\\_sparse.h](#)

## 12.22 ffpack.C File Reference

C functions calls for [FFPACK](#) in ffpack-c.h.

```
#include "fflas-ffpack/interfaces/libs/ffpack_c.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/fflas/fflas.h"
#include "fflas-ffpack/ffpack/ffpack.h"
#include "givaro/modular-balanced.h"
#include "givaro/modular.h"
```

### 12.22.1 Detailed Description

C functions calls for [FFPACK](#) in ffpack-c.h.

**Author**

Brice Boyer

**See also**

[ffpack/ffpack.h](#)

## 12.23 debug.h File Reference

Various utilities for debugging.

```
#include <fflas-ffpack/fflas-ffpack-config.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <cmath>
#include <stdexcept>
```

**Data Structures**

- class [Failure](#)  
*A precondition failed.*

**Namespaces**

- namespace [FFPACK](#)  
*Finite Field **PACK** Set of elimination based routines for dense linear algebra.*

### 12.23.1 Detailed Description

Various utilities for debugging.

**Todo** we should put vector printing elsewhere.



# Index

- applyP
  - FFPACK, [30](#)
- ArbitraryPreIntTag, [83](#)
- Architecture of the library., [2](#)
- array< T >, [83](#)
- array< T >::const\_iterator, [84](#)
- array< T >::const\_reverse\_iterator, [85](#)
- array< T >::iterator, [89](#)
- array< T >::reverse\_iterator, [92](#)
- Bibliography, [5](#)
- Bruhat2EchelonPermutation
  - FFPACK, [65](#)
- Bug List, [3](#)
- buildMatrix
  - FFPACK, [68](#)
- CharPoly
  - FFPACK, [44](#), [45](#)
- CHECKER, [17](#)
- ColRankProfileSubmatrix
  - FFPACK, [54](#)
- ColRankProfileSubmatrixIndices
  - FFPACK, [53](#)
- ColumnEchelonForm
  - FFPACK, [40](#)
- ColumnRankProfile
  - FFPACK, [51](#)
- composePermutationsLLL
  - FFPACK, [69](#)
- composePermutationsLLM
  - FFPACK, [69](#)
- composePermutationsMLM
  - FFPACK, [70](#)
- CompressToBlockBiDiagonal
  - FFPACK, [64](#)
- Configuring and Installing FFLAS-FFPACK, [2](#)
- ConvertTo< T >, [85](#)
- Copying and Licence, [2](#)
- debug.h, [111](#)
- DefaultBoundedTag, [86](#)
- DefaultTag, [86](#)
- DelayedTag, [87](#)
- Det
  - FFPACK, [48](#)
- DOUBLE\_TO\_FLOAT\_CROSSOVER
  - fflas.h, [97](#)
- ElementTraits< Element >, [87](#)
- ExpandBlockBiDiagonalToBruhat
  - FFPACK, [64](#)
- Failure, [87](#)
- FFLAS, [18](#)
- FFLAS-FFPACK, [17](#)
- FFLAS-FFPACK Documentation., [1](#)
- FFLAS-FFPACK fields, [19](#)
- fflas-ffpack-config.h, [95](#)
- fflas-ffpack.h, [95](#)
- fflas.h, [96](#)
  - DOUBLE\_TO\_FLOAT\_CROSSOVER, [97](#)
- FFLAS::FieldCategories, [21](#)
- FFLAS::ModeCategories, [21](#)
- FFLAS::ParSeqHelper, [22](#)
- FFLAS::StructureHelper, [22](#)
- fflas\_ftsm\_mp.inl, [98](#)
- fflas\_lvl1.C, [109](#)
- fflas\_lvl2.C, [110](#)
- fflas\_lvl3.C, [110](#)
- fflas\_sparse.C, [110](#)
- fflas\_sparse.h, [98](#)
- fflas\_sparse.inl, [98](#)
- fflas\_transpose.h, [99](#)
- FFPACK, [19](#), [22](#)
  - applyP, [30](#)
  - Bruhat2EchelonPermutation, [65](#)
  - buildMatrix, [68](#)
  - CharPoly, [44](#), [45](#)
  - ColRankProfileSubmatrix, [54](#)
  - ColRankProfileSubmatrixIndices, [53](#)
  - ColumnEchelonForm, [40](#)
  - ColumnRankProfile, [51](#)
  - composePermutationsLLL, [69](#)
  - composePermutationsLLM, [69](#)
  - composePermutationsMLM, [70](#)
  - CompressToBlockBiDiagonal, [64](#)
  - Det, [48](#)
  - ExpandBlockBiDiagonalToBruhat, [64](#)
  - fgesv, [34](#)
  - fgetrs, [32](#), [33](#)
  - fsytrf, [37](#)
  - fsytrf\_nonunit, [38](#)
  - fsytrf\_UP\_RPM, [68](#)
  - ftssyr2k, [37](#)
  - ftstr, [36](#)
  - fttri, [35](#)
  - fttrm, [36](#)
  - getEchelonForm, [56](#), [57](#)
  - getEchelonTransform, [58](#)

- getLTBruhatGen, [61](#), [63](#)
- getReducedEchelonForm, [59](#)
- getReducedEchelonTransform, [60](#)
- getTriangular, [55](#), [56](#)
- Invert, [42](#), [43](#)
- Invert2, [43](#)
- IsSingular, [48](#)
- LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles, [52](#)
- LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor, [65](#)
- LTBruhatGen, [61](#)
- LTQSorder, [63](#)
- LUdivine, [39](#), [69](#)
- MatVecMinPoly, [47](#)
- MinPoly, [46](#)
- MonotonicApplyP, [31](#)
- NonZeroRandomMatrix, [70](#)
- NullSpaceBasis, [50](#)
- PLUQ, [38](#)
- productBruhatxTS, [67](#)
- RandomIndexSubset, [74](#)
- RandomMatrix, [71](#)
- RandomMatrixWithDet, [80](#), [81](#)
- RandomMatrixWithRank, [73](#), [74](#)
- RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM, [78](#), [79](#)
- RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM, [76](#)
- RandomNullSpaceVector, [49](#), [66](#)
- RandomPermutation, [75](#)
- RandomRankProfileMatrix, [75](#)
- RandomSymmetricMatrix, [73](#)
- RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM, [79](#), [80](#)
- RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM, [77](#), [78](#)
- RandomSymmetricRankProfileMatrix, [75](#)
- RandomTriangularMatrix, [72](#)
- Rank, [47](#)
- RankProfileFromLU, [51](#)
- ReducedColumnEchelonForm, [41](#)
- ReducedRowEchelonForm, [42](#)
- RowEchelonForm, [40](#)
- RowRankProfile, [50](#)
- RowRankProfileSubmatrix, [54](#)
- RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices, [53](#)
- Solve, [49](#)
- ffpack.C, [111](#)
- ffpack.h, [99](#)
  - GaussJordan, [106](#)
  - RandomKrylovPrecond, [106](#)
- fgemm\_classical\_mp.inl, [97](#)
- fgesv
  - FFPACK, [34](#)
- fgetrs
  - FFPACK, [32](#), [33](#)
- field-traits.h, [107](#)
- FieldTraits< Field >, [88](#)
- FixedPreclntTag, [88](#)
- fsytrf
  - FFPACK, [37](#)
- fsytrf\_nonunit
  - FFPACK, [38](#)
- fsytrf\_UP\_RPM
  - FFPACK, [68](#)
- ftrsmLeftUpperNoTransNonUnit< Element >, [88](#)
- ftrssyr2k
  - FFPACK, [37](#)
- ftrstr
  - FFPACK, [36](#)
- ftrtri
  - FFPACK, [35](#)
- ftrtrm
  - FFPACK, [36](#)
- GaussJordan
  - ffpack.h, [106](#)
- GenericTag, [89](#)
- getEchelonForm
  - FFPACK, [56](#), [57](#)
- getEchelonTransform
  - FFPACK, [58](#)
- getLTBruhatGen
  - FFPACK, [61](#), [63](#)
- getReducedEchelonForm
  - FFPACK, [59](#)
- getReducedEchelonTransform
  - FFPACK, [60](#)
- getTriangular
  - FFPACK, [55](#), [56](#)
- Interfaces, [18](#)
- Invert
  - FFPACK, [42](#), [43](#)
- Invert2
  - FFPACK, [43](#)
- IsSingular
  - FFPACK, [48](#)
- LazyTag, [90](#)
- LeadingSubmatrixRankProfiles
  - FFPACK, [52](#)
- LQUPtoInverseOfFullRankMinor
  - FFPACK, [65](#)
- LTBruhatGen
  - FFPACK, [61](#)
- LTQSorder
  - FFPACK, [63](#)
- LUdivine
  - FFPACK, [39](#), [69](#)
- MachineFloatTag, [91](#)
- MachineIntTag, [91](#)
- Matrix Multiplication Algorithms, [18](#)
- MatVecMinPoly
  - FFPACK, [47](#)
- MinPoly
  - FFPACK, [46](#)
- ModeTraits< Field >, [91](#)
- ModularTag, [92](#)

- MonotonicApplyP
  - FFPACK, [31](#)
- NonZeroRandomMatrix
  - FFPACK, [70](#)
- NullSpaceBasis
  - FFPACK, [50](#)
- PLUQ
  - FFPACK, [38](#)
- productBruhatxTS
  - FFPACK, [67](#)
- RandomIndexSubset
  - FFPACK, [74](#)
- RandomKrylovPrecond
  - ffpack.h, [106](#)
- RandomMatrix
  - FFPACK, [71](#)
- RandomMatrixWithDet
  - FFPACK, [80](#), [81](#)
- RandomMatrixWithRank
  - FFPACK, [73](#), [74](#)
- RandomMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM
  - FFPACK, [78](#), [79](#)
- RandomMatrixWithRankandRPM
  - FFPACK, [76](#)
- RandomNullSpaceVector
  - FFPACK, [49](#), [66](#)
- RandomPermutation
  - FFPACK, [75](#)
- RandomRankProfileMatrix
  - FFPACK, [75](#)
- RandomSymmetricMatrix
  - FFPACK, [73](#)
- RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRandomRPM
  - FFPACK, [79](#), [80](#)
- RandomSymmetricMatrixWithRankandRPM
  - FFPACK, [77](#), [78](#)
- RandomSymmetricRankProfileMatrix
  - FFPACK, [75](#)
- RandomTriangularMatrix
  - FFPACK, [72](#)
- Rank
  - FFPACK, [47](#)
- RankProfileFromLU
  - FFPACK, [51](#)
- read\_sparse.h, [98](#)
- ReducedColumnEchelonForm
  - FFPACK, [41](#)
- ReducedRowEchelonForm
  - FFPACK, [42](#)
- RNS, [19](#)
- rns-double-elt.h, [108](#)
- rns-double.h, [108](#)
- rns-integer-mod.h, [108](#)
- rns-integer.h, [109](#)
- rns.h, [109](#)
- RNSElementTag, [93](#)
- RowEchelonForm
  - FFPACK, [40](#)
- RowRankProfile
  - FFPACK, [50](#)
- RowRankProfileSubmatrix
  - FFPACK, [54](#)
- RowRankProfileSubmatrixIndices
  - FFPACK, [53](#)
- schedule\_bini.inl, [97](#)
- SIMD wrapper, [18](#)
- Solve
  - FFPACK, [49](#)
- string, [93](#)
- string::const\_iterator, [84](#)
- string::const\_reverse\_iterator, [85](#)
- string::iterator, [90](#)
- string::reverse\_iterator, [92](#)
- Todo List, [7](#)
- TRSMHelper< ReclterTrait, ParSeqTrait >, [93](#)
- Tutorial, [2](#)
- UnparametricTag, [94](#)
- vector< T >, [94](#)
- vector< T >::const\_iterator, [84](#)
- vector< T >::const\_reverse\_iterator, [85](#)
- vector< T >::iterator, [90](#)
- vector< T >::reverse\_iterator, [92](#)